

Get to the

TOP

plus

3



COMPANION

Grammar Reference

Hello

Előjárószavak hely kifejezésére

next to	The museum is next to the post office.
in front of	The bus stop is in front of the museum.
opposite	The library is opposite the museum.
between	The museum is between the bank and the post office.
behind	The park is behind the museum.

Előjárószavak idő kifejezésére

at	at six o'clock / at half past two, etc. at noon / at night / at midday / at midnight, at the weekend(s)
in	in the morning / in the afternoon / in the evening, in my free time
on	on Saturday, etc. on Friday morning / afternoon, etc. on weekdays

till	We usually work till 5.00 p.m.
until	
during	I never go out during the week.
before	Jack always has a shower before dinner.
after	My dad has a shower after breakfast.

A "can" segédige használata

KIJELENTŐ MÓD	
I/You/He/She/It/We/You/They	can dance

TAGADÁS	
I/You/He/She/It/We/You/They	can't (cannot) dance

KÉRDŐ ALAK		RÖVID VÁLASZ	
Can	I/You/He/She/It/We/You/They dance?	Yes,	I/You/He/She/It/We/You/They can.
		No,	I/You/He/She/It/We/You/They can't

Module 1

A folyamatos és egyszerű jelen igeidők

egyszerű jelen igeidő		
KIJELENTŐ MÓD		
I		work
He/She/It		works
We/You/They		work
TAGADÁS		
I	don't	work
He/She/It	doesn't	work
We/You/They	don't	work
KÉRDŐ ALAK		
Do	I	work?
Does	He/She/It	work?
Do	We/You/They	work?

folyamatos jelen igeidő		
KIJELENTŐ MÓD		
I		am working
He/She/It		is working
We/You/They		are working
TAGADÁS		
I	'm not	working
He/She/It	isn't	working
We/You/They	aren't	working
KÉRDŐ ALAK		
Am	I	working?
Is	He/She/It	working?
Are	We/You/They	working?

Az egyszerű jelen igeidőt használjuk:

- állandó állapotokra.
Ben lives in London. Ben Londonban él.
- rendszeresen előforduló szokások vagy cselekedetek kifejezésére.
We always have breakfast at 8. Mindig nyolckor reggelizünk.
- általános igazságokra.
A Föld a nap körül forog.
- menetrend, órarend szerint zajló történésekhez.
The train leaves at 9 o'clock. A vonat 9 órakor indul.

A folyamatos jelen igeidőt használjuk:

- átmeneti állapotokra.
I'm taking driving lessons this month. Ebben a hónapban vezetni tanulok.
- a beszéd pillanatában bekövetkező cselekvésekre.
Lucy is sleeping now. Lucy most alszik.
- a közeli, biztos jövőben történő cselekvésekhez.
We're flying to Zanzibar tonight. Ma este Zanzibárba repülünk.

- A "can" segédigével képességet fejezünk ki:
He can swim. Tud úszni.

Időhatározók	
Folyamatos jelen	Egyszerű jelen
now, at the moment, today, these days, this week / year, stb. tonight, tomorrow, stb.	usually, always, often, stb. every day/week, etc. in the morning/spring, stb. on Mondays / Monday morning, stb. at the weekend, stb. once / twice / three times, stb. a week / day, stb.

Statív, állapotleíró igék

Az alábbi igéket nem használjuk folyamatos igeidőkben:

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • see, hear, smell, etc. • like, love, hate, want, need, etc. • think, understand, know, etc. • be, have, cost, etc.
FONTOS
A statív igék egy része folyamatos igeidőkben használható, de eltérő jelentéssel.
<p>see <i>I'm seeing my doctor tomorrow.</i> <i>Holnap megyek az orvosomhoz.</i></p> <p>think of/about <i>I'm thinking of buying a car.</i> <i>Autó vásárláson gondolkodom.</i></p> <p>have (with words like lunch, breakfast, shower, party) <i>She's having a shower at the moment.</i> <i>Éppen zuhanyzik.</i></p>

A melléknevek és határozók közép- és felsőfoka

FONTOS	
melléknevek	
A mondatban a főnevek elé kerülnek, és nincs többes számú alakjuk. Ha nem követi őket főnév, akkor nem áll előttük névelő.	
<i>She's a beautiful girl. Ő egy gyönyörű lány.</i> <i>This bike is green. Ez a kerékpár zöld.</i>	
határozók	
Melléknevekből "Hogyan?" kérdésre válaszoló határozókat képezhetünk.	
Legtöbb esetben a melléknév végére -ly kerül	quiet -> quietly careful -> carefully
Ha a melléknév mássalhangzó+y-ra végződik, akkor az y i-re változik.	easy -> easily
-le végződésű melléknevek esetén az e elmarad.	terrible -> terribly
Rendhagyó melléknév-határozó párok	
good -> well fast -> fast hard -> hard late -> late early -> early	

- Amikor összehasonlítunk két tárgyat, embert, fogalmat egymással, a **középfokot** használjuk. A mellékneveket és határozószavakat általában **than** követi.
- A melléknevek és határozószók **felsőfokát** használjuk, amikor egy személyt, állatot vagy dolgot több azonos fajtával hasonlítunk össze. A melléknevek és határozószavak előtt ebben az esetben mindig határozott névelő áll, és gyakran az **of** vagy **in** elöljárószók követik őket.

Mindegyik egy szótagú, és a legtöbb két szótagú melléknév esetén az -er és -est képzőt használjuk:	short - shorter - shortest happy - happier - happiest big - bigger - biggest
Három vagy több szótagú melléknevek esetében a fokozás a more + melléknév / most + melléknév képzéssel történik:	interesting - more interesting - most interesting

Minden egyszótagos határozószó és early take -er / -est	fast – faster – fastest early – earlier -earliest
A két vagy több szótagú határozószavak: more + határozószó / most + határozószó	carefully - more carefully - most carefully

Rendhagyó fokozás		
alacsony	középfok	felsőfok
good / well	better	best
bad / badly	worse	worst
little	less	least
many / much	more	most
far	farther/further	farthest / furthest

Egyéb összehasonlítási formák

- **less + melléknév/határozószó + than**
Kelly is less beautiful than Sheila. Kelly kevésbé szép, mint Sheila.
Fiona drives less carefully than her sister. Fiona kevésbé óvatosan vezet, mint a nővére.
- **the least + melléknév/határozószó + of/in**
Geography is the least interesting than History, but Maths is the least interesting subject of all. A földrajz kevésbé érdekes, mint a történelem, de a matematika a legkevésbé érdekes tárgy.
- **as + melléknév/határozószó + as**
Kelly is as beautiful as Sheila. Kelly olyan gyönyörű, mint Sheila.
Fiona dances as terribly as her sister. Fiona olyan rettenetesen táncol, mint a nővére.
- **not as + melléknév/határozószó + as**
Kelly isn't as tall as Sheila. Kelly nem olyan magas, mint Sheila.
Fiona doesn't dance as terribly as her sister. Fiona nem táncol olyan szörnyen, mint a nővére.

Egyszerű múlt idő

KIJELENTŐ MÓD	
I He/She/It We/You/They	worked / went

TAGADÁS	
I He/She/It We/You/They	didn't work / go

KÉRDŐ ALAK		
Did	I he/she/it we/you/they	work / go?

Megjegyzés: Ne felejtse a rendhagyó igék listáját!

Az **egyszerű múlt** igeidőt használjuk:

- meghatározott múlt időben történt cselekvések, történések kifejezésére.
We bought our house five years ago. 5 éve vettük a házunkat.
- Múlt idejű szokásos és ismétlődő cselekvések kifejezésére.
I always went to bed early when I lived with my parents. Mikor a szüleimmel éltem, mindig korán feküdtem le aludni.
- Egymás után történt múlt idejű cselekvések esetén (pl. felsorolás)
Yesterday I got up at 8.00, had breakfast and left for school. Tegnap 8-kor felkeltem, megreggeliztem és elmentem az iskolába.

Időhatározók múlt idő esetén
yesterday / in 2021, stb. two hours ago, five years ago, stb. last night/week/Sunday/March, stb.

Used to

KIJELENTŐ MÓD
I/He/She/It/We/You/They used to play

TAGADÁS
I/He/She/It/We/You/They didn't use to play

KÉRDŐ ALAK
Did I/he/she/it/we/you/they use to play?

A **used to** szerkezetet régi szokások kifejezésére használjuk, melyek a jelenben már nem történnek.
We used to go skateboarding every afternoon when we were young. Mikor fiatalok voltunk, mindig elmentünk görkorcsolyázni délutánoként.

some/any/no/every

- A **“some”** használható megszámlálhatatlan és megszámlálható főnevek előtt egyaránt, kijelentő mondatokban, illetve kínálás eseténél.
There is some orange juice in the fridge. Van egy kis narancslé a hűtőben. Would you like some chips? Kérsz egy kis sült krumplit?
- Az **“any”** megszámlálhatatlan főnevek előtt és többes számú megszámlálható főnevek előtt állhat tagadó és kérdő mondatokban.
Is there any orange juice in the fridge? Van narancslé a hűtőben? There aren't any chips on the table. Nincs sült krumpli az asztalon.
- **no** (=semennyi) megszámlálhatatlan vagy többes számú megszámlálható főnév előtt állhat.
There is no cheese in the fridge. = There isn't any cheese in the fridge. Nincs sajt a hűtőben.
- **every** (minden) egyes számban megszámlálható főnevekkel használható
Every family in this town has got a car. Ebben a városban minden családnak van autója.

	SOME	ANY	NO	EVERY
Személyre utal	someone somebody	anyone anybody	no one nobody	everyone everybody
Dolgokra utal	something	anything	nothing	everything
Helyekre utal	somewhere	anywhere	nowhere	everywhere

Előbbi összetételeket ugyanúgy használjuk, mint a **some, any, no, every**, all szavakat, de nem követi őket főnév. Mindig egyes számú igékkel állnak.

Everybody here works very hard. Itt mindenki nagyon keményen dolgozik. I can't find my glasses anywhere. Sehol nem találom a szemüvegem.

Module 2

Befejezett jelen igeidő

KIJELENTŐ MÓD	
Teljes alak	Rövid alak
I have played	I've played
You have played	You've played
He has played	He's played
She has played	She's played
It has played	It's played
We have played	We've played
You have played	You've played
They have played	They've played

TAGADÁS	
Teljes alak	Rövid alak
I have not played	I haven't played
You have not played	You haven't played
He has not played	He hasn't played
She has not played	She hasn't played

It has not played	It hasn't played
We have not played	We haven't played
You have not played	You haven't played
They have not played	They haven't played

• A **have/has been** jelentése: elment valahová/volt valahol, és már visszaért.
Lisa has been to Barcelona. (Now she's back.) Lisa már volt Barcelonában. (És most nincs ott).

KÉRDŐ ALAK	RÖVID VÁLASZ	
Have I played?	Yes, I have.	No, I haven't.
Have you played?	Yes, you have.	No, you haven't.
Has he played?	Yes, he has.	No, he hasn't.
Has she played?	Yes, she has.	No, she hasn't.
Has it played?	Yes, it has.	No, it hasn't.
Have we played?	Yes, we have.	No, we haven't.
Have you played?	Yes, you have.	No, you haven't.
Have they played?	Yes, they have.	No, they haven't.

A **befejezett jelen** igeidőt a **have/has** segédigével és az ige harmadik alakjával képezzük. Ha az ige nem rendhagyó, a harmadik alakja megegyezik a múlt idejű alakkal (- ed).

FONTOS
Rendhagyó igék táblázata

A **befejezett jelen** igeidő használata:

- Olyan múltban történt cselekvések, történések esetén használjuk, amelyekhez nem kötődik konkrét időpont.
I've visited the National History Museum, so I don't want to go there again. Már voltam a Természettudományi Múzeumban. Nem akarok megint menni.
- Olyan múltban történt cselekvések, történések esetén, melyek a jelenre hatással vannak.
Look! Jerry has broken his leg! Nézd! Jerry eltörte a lábát!

Gyakori időhatározók
always, ever, never, before, so far, yet, already, just, once, twice, stb.

A **befejezett jelen és egyszerű múlt igeidők**

Befejezett jelen	Egyszerű múlt
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Olyan múltban történt cselekvések, történések esetén, amelyekhez nem kötődik konkrét időpont. <i>I have visited Rome. Már voltam Rómában.</i> • az alábbi időhatározókkal: ever, never, before, so far, just, yet, already, always, for, since, once, twice, etc. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pontosán meghatározott múltban történt cselekvések esetén <i>I visited Rome last year. Tavaly voltam Rómában.</i> • az alábbi időhatározókkal: yesterday, in 1995, ago, last week/month, etc.

FONTOS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A have/has gone jelentése: elment, és még mindig ott van. <i>Lisa has gone to the supermarket. (She's still there.) Lisa elment a boltba. (Még most is ott van)</i>

Befejezett jelen és a since/for/how long

Múltban kezdődő és jelenig tartó cselekvésekre, történésekre utalva használjuk.

	How long have you had this car? Mióta van meg az autód?
since + az időtartam kezdete (e.g since 1980, since yesterday, since last week, since 4 a.m.)	I've had this car since 2020. 2020 óta van meg az autóm.
for + az időtartam hossza (e.g for two weeks, for three days, for _ive minutes, for months)	I've had this car for six years. Hat éve van meg az autóm.

Module 3

too/enough

- A **too** (túl sok, túl) melléknevek és határozók előtt állhat.
This coffee is too hot. I can't drink it. Ez a kávé túl meleg. Nem tudom meginni.
- Az **enough** (elég, eléggé) melléknevek és határozók után áll, viszont főnevek előtt.
*The weather is warm enough for a picnic. Elég meleg az idő egy piknikhez.
 There's enough food in the fridge. Van elég étel a hűtőben.*

one/ones

- Szóismétlés elkerülésére használhatjuk megszámlálható főnevek helyett egyes vagy többes számban.
*Which bag is yours? The black one. Melyik táska a tiéd? A fekete (táska).
 Which books do you like? The ones about history. Melyik könyveket szereted? A történelemről szóló (könyveket).*

How much...?/How many...?/Much/Many/A lot of/Lots of/Loads of / A little/A few

- A **How much** (mennyi?) kérdőszót megszámlálhatatlan főnevek előtt használjuk, mennyiségre kérdezve.
How much water is in the bottle? Mennyi víz van az üvegben?

FONTOS

A How much...? kérdésszóval árakra is kérdezhetünk
How much are these shoes? £100? Mennyibe kerül a cipő?

- A **How many** (hány?) kérdésszó megszámlálható főnevekre utal, és darabszámra kérdezzük vele.
How many cans of lemonade do we need? Hány doboz limonádéra van szükségünk?
- A **much** (sok) megszámlálhatatlan főnevek előtt általában kérdő és tagadó mondatokban használható.
We haven't got much money. Nincs sok pénzünk.
- A **many** (sok) megszámlálható főnevek előtt áll, általában kérdő és tagadó mondatokban
There aren't many books in the bookcase. Nincs sok könyv a könyvespolcon.
- Az a **lot of/lots of / loads of** (sok, rengeteg) megszámlálható és megszámlálhatatlan főnevek előtt egyaránt állhat, általában kijelentő mondatokban.
There is a lot of coffee in my cup. Sok kávé van a bögrémben.
There are lots of / loads of eggs in the fridge. Sok tojás van a hűtőben.
- Az a **little** (kevés, egy kis) megszámlálhatatlan főnevek előtt használható.
There is a little cheese on the table. Van egy kis sajt az asztalon.
- Az a **few** (egy pár, egy kevés) többesszámú megszámlálható főnevek előtt áll.
There are a few magazines on the table. Van pár újság az asztalon.

Vonatkozó névmások (who, which, that)

- Jelzői mellékmondatokban utalnak a főmondat tárgyára vagy alanyára.
- A vonatkozó névmás elhagyható a mondatból, ha utána közvetlenül alany következik.
Mrs Robins is the teacher. I like her the most.
Mrs Robins a tanár. Őt szeretem legjobban.
Mrs Robins is the teacher (who) I like the most. Mrs Robins a tanár, akit a legjobban szeretek.

	névmás	példa
Személyekre utal	who/that	The man who/that is driving that sports car is my uncle. That's the boy (who/that) I saw in the park yesterday.
Állatokra, tárgyakra utal	which/that	The bag which/that is on the desk is mine. The film (which/that) I saw last night was terrible.

Must/Have to segédigék

THE VERB MUST	
KIJELENTŐ MÓD	I/You/He/She/It/We/You/They must go
TAGADÁS	I/You/He/She/It/We/You/They mustn't go
KÉRDŐ ALAK	Must I/you/he/she/it/we/you/they go?
RÖVID VÁLASZ	Yes, I/he/she/it/we/you/they must.
	No, I/he/she/it/we/you/they mustn't.

THE VERB HAVE TO			
KIJELENTŐ MÓD		TAGADÁS	
I/We/You/They	have to go	I/We/You/They	don't have to go
He/She/It	has to go	He/She/It	doesn't have to go

KÉRDŐ ALAK			
Do	I/we/you/they	have to go?	
Does	he/she/it	have to go?	

RÖVID VÁLASZ			
Yes,	I/we/you/they	do.	No, I/we/you/they don't.
Yes,	he/she/it	does.	No, he/she/it doesn't.

- A **must** és **have to/has to** segédigék jelen és jövő idejű kötelességet fejeznek ki.
I must/have to wash the car today. Ma le kell mosnom az autót.
- A **mustn't** tiltást jelent.
You mustn't be late again! Tilos újra elkésned!
- A **don't/doesn't have to** jelentése: nem kell.
You don't have to come early tomorrow. It isn't necessary. Nem kell holnap korán jönnöd. Nincs rá szükség.

FONTOS

Múlt idejű kötelességre vagy annak hiányára (kell, nem kell) a **had to** segédigét használjuk, tehát a **must** nem jelölhet múlt időt.

Module 4**A should segédige**

KIJELENTŐ MÓD		TAGADÁS	
I/He/She/It/We/You/They	should go	I/He/She/It/We/You/They	shouldn't go

KÉRDŐ ALAK			
Should	I/he/she/it/we/you/they	go?	

RÖVID VÁLASZ			
Yes,	I/he/she/it/we/you/they	should.	
No,	I/he/she/it/we/you/they	shouldn't.	

A **should** segédigét használjuk:

- tanács, javaslat kérések, adásakor
A: *What should I do? Mit tegyek?*
B: *You shouldn't work so hard. Nem kellene olyan keményen dolgoznod.*
- vélemény kifejezésére
I think the children should eat more fruit. Szerintem a gyerekeknek több gyümölcsöt kellene enniük.
- ötlet, javaslat esetén
We should go bowling tonight. Menjünk bowlingozni ma este.

“ugye?” kérdés

Rövid utókérdés a kérdőmondat végén. Használjuk ezeket:

- amikor nem vagyunk biztosak valamiben.
- amikor azt szeretnénk, hogy a másik személy egyetértsen velünk.

Rövid kérdéseket képezünk a mondat végén segéd- vagy modális igével és az alannal azonos személyben lévő személyes névmással.

You couldn't see her, could you? Nem láttad őt, ugye?
Tom believed him, didn't he? Tom hitt neki, ugye?

- Amikor a főmondat igéje állító, az utókérdés tagadó:
The boys are at school, aren't they? A fiúk iskolában vannak, ugye?
- Amikor a főmondat igéje tagadó alakú, az utókérdés állító:
She hasn't seen the doctor yet, has she? Még nem volt orvosnál, ugye?

Főnévi igenév

A **teljes alakját** használjuk (pl. to go, to sleep):

- célhatározói mellékmondatként.
She went to the supermarket to buy some orange juice. Elment a szupermarketbe narancslevet venni.
- bizonyos igék után: want, would like, forget, teach, need, plan, promise, try, stb.
I decided to buy a house near the sea. Úgy döntöttem, hogy veszek egy házat a tenger közelében.
- too és enough szavak mellett.
This coffee is too hot to drink. Ez a kávé túl forró ahhoz, hogy megigya.

A **rövid alakja** (pl. go, sleep):

- segédigék után (can, could, will, would, should, may, might, must).
Will you stop talking? Abbahagyod a beszédet?
You must visit the doctor today. Ma orvoshoz kell menned.
- a let és make igék után.
She makes me study all the time. Állandóan tanulásra készítet.
Mum, let me go to the party, please! Anya, kérlek, hadd menjek el a buliba!

Megjegyzés: A help igét használhatjuk mindkét alakkal:

I always help my brother do his homework.
I always help my brother to do his homework.
Mindig segíték a bátyámnak a házi feladatban.

ing-es alak

-ing-es alakot (pl. going, sleeping) használunk:

- alanyi helyzetben
Exercising is good for your health. Az edzés jót tesz az egészségnek.
- bizonyos igék után: like, love, hate, enjoy, prefer, continue, stop, finish, start, keep, avoid, stb.
Keep going and you'll find the post office. Menj tovább, és megtalálsz a postát.
- bizonyos kifejezések után: don't mind, can't stand, be interested in, stb.
I can't stand being ill. Nem bírom a betegséget.
- elöljárószavak után.
We use a toothbrush for brushing our teeth. Fogmosáshoz fogkefét használunk.
- a go ige után tevékenységet jelöl:
I go swimming every weekend. Minden hétvégén megyek úszni.

Module 5

Both/All/Neither/None/Either

- **Both** jelentése: mindkettő, tehát két személyt vagy dolgot jelöl. Kijelentő vagy kérdő mondatokban használjuk, és többes szám követi.
Pablo and Kim are my friends. Both of them are students. / They are both students. Pablo és Kim a barátaim. Mindketten tanulók.
- **All** jelentése: összes, mind. Kettőnél több személyre vagy dologra használható. Kijelentő vagy kérdő mondatokban használjuk, és többes szám követi.
Kim, Emma, Pablo and Mike are going to travel all over Europe. They are all happy. / All of them are happy. Kim, Emma, Pablo és Mike egész Európát beutazzák. Mindannyian boldogok.
- **Neither** jelentése: egyik sem, két dolog közül. Egyes vagy többes szám követi.
Emma and Kim want to go to Rome. Neither of them has/have been to Italy. Emma és Kim Rómába akar menni. Egyikük sem volt még Olaszországban.
- **None** jelentése: egyik sem, de több mint két dolog közül. Használható kettőnél több személyre vagy dologra. Egyes vagy többes szám követi.
Rozita, Robert and Clara are from Italy. None of them speaks/speak English. Rozita, Robert és Clara Olaszországból származnak. Egyikük sem beszél angolul.
- **Either** jelentése: bármelyik, két dolog közül.
Would you like cherries or strawberries? Either. I don't mind. Meggyet vagy epret szeretnél? Bármelyiket, mindegy.

So/Neither (Én is, én sem)

Egyetértés kifejezése (én is/én sem)	
So + segédige + alany	
A segédige mindig a főmondatához igazodik.	
A: I must go to the dentist. Fogorvoshoz kell mennem.	A: I always go to school on foot. Mindig gyalog megyek iskolába.
B: So must I. Nekem is.	B: So do I. Én is.

Neither + segédige +alany

A segédige mindig a főmondatához igazodik.

A: I can't play the piano. A: I don't like chocolate.
 Nem tudok zongorázni. Nem szeretem a csokoládét.
 B: Neither can I. Én sem. B: Neither does my sister. A
 testvérem sem.

FONTOS

Ellenvélemény kifejezésére (de én igen/de én nem)

• A főmondat segédigéjének ellentétes alakját használjuk, a mondat szórendje állító.

A: I can't dance. Nem tudok táncolni.
 B: I can. De én igen.
 A: I've been to Italy. Voltam már Olaszországban.
 B: I haven't. Én nem.

Egyszerű jelen - Szenvedő szerkezet

KIJELENTŐ MÓD		
I	am	
he/she/it	is	called / given
we/you/they	are	

TAGADÁS		
I	am not	
he/she/it	isn't	called / given
we/you/they	aren't	

KÉRDŐ ALAK		
Am	I	
Is	he/she/it	called / given?
Are	we/you/they	

Egyszerű múlt - Szenvedő szerkezet

KIJELENTŐ MÓD		
I/he/she/it	was	
we/you/they	were	called / given

TAGADÁS		
I/he/she/it	wasn't	
we/you/they	weren't	called / given

KÉRDŐ ALAK		
Was	I/he/she/it	
Were	we/you/they	called / given?

Szenvedő szerkezet

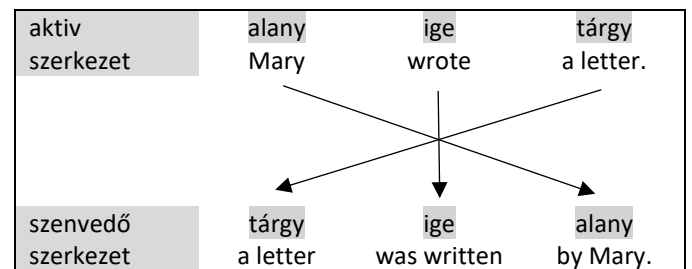
Használata

A szenvedő szerkezetet a cselekvés hangsúlyozására használjuk, a hangsúly nem azon van, ki végezte el a cselekvést, hanem, hogy az megtörtént.

A szenvedő szerkezetben mindig szerepel a létige (megfelelő alakban) és a főige harmadik alakja. A mondat a tárggyal kezdődik.

A cselekvés végzője (alany) gyakran ki is marad a mondatból:

- amikor maga a cselekvés lényegesebb, annál, aki végrehajotta
The house is built. Kész a ház (mindegy, hogy ki építette fel)
- amikor nem ismerjük a cselekvőt.
My bag was found! Megtalálták a táskám! (nem tudjuk, ki találta meg, a lényeg az, hogy meglett)
- amikor egyértelmű, hogy ki végzi a cselekvést.
BMW cars are made in Germany. A BMW autók Németországban készülnek. (gyári munkások által)



Module 6

Vonatkozó névmás (whose) / határozószó (where)

A vonatkozó névmás (whose) és a határozószó (where) mellékmondatokat vezet be.

	névmás	Példa
Birtoklás kifejezése (akié, amié)	whose	The man whose wallet you found is over there. A férfi, akinek a pénztárcáját megtalálta, ott van.
Helyre utalás (ahol)	where	The place where I live is beautiful. A hely, ahol élek, gyönyörű.

FONTOS

Whose és **where** névmást/határozószót nem lehet elhagyni a mondatból, és nem helyettesítheti a **that**.

Feltételes mód 1

Jelen vagy jövő időre utaló feltételes mód

mellékmondat	Főmondat
If + egyszerű jelen	will
	segédigék (can, may, might, must)
	Felszólító mód

If I like the car, I'll buy it. Ha tetszik az autó, megveszem.
If you want to get into the museum, you must buy a ticket. Ha be akarsz menni a múzeumba, venedd kell jegyet.
If you don't feel well, go to bed. Ha nem érzed jól magad, feküdj le.

FONTOS

- unless jelentése: hacsak nem.
We'll go shopping unless it rains. Elmegyünk vásárolni, hacsak nem esik.

Ha a mellékmondat áll elől, vesszőt kell tenni a két tagmondat közé.

Időhatározói mellékmondatok (jelen – jövő)

- **when, after, before, as soon as, until, stb.**
- Amikor a mondat a jövőre vonatkozik, általában az egyszerű jelent használjuk a mellékmondatban, és a jövő időt (will) a főmondatban.

Mellékmondat	főmondat
<i>As soon as I know, Amint tudom,</i> <i>Before I leave, Mielőtt elmegyek,</i>	<i>I'll tell you. elmondom.</i> <i>I'll help you with your project. segítek a projektjében.</i>

FONTOS

Amikor a mellékmondat a főmondat elé kerül, a két tagmondatot vessző választja el.

1a

1. **argue** /'ɑ:gju/ - vitázik, vitatkozik - *My two brothers argue a lot.*
2. **awful** /'ɔ:fl/ - szörnyű, borzalmas - *That is an awful colour. I don't like it at all.*
3. **chat** /tʃæt/ - beszélget - *I chat with my friend for hours on the phone.*
4. **conversation** /kɒnvə'seɪʃən/ - beszélgetés - *I had a nice conversation with my friend at lunch.*
5. **decide** /dɪ'saɪd/ - eldönt - *I can't decide what clothes to wear.*
6. **disagree** /,dɪsə'gri:/ - nem ért egyet valakivel - *I disagree, this isn't an interesting book.*
7. **Don't be ridiculous!** /'dəʊnt bi: rɪ'dɪkjʊləs/ - Ne nevettesd ki magad! Ne légy nevetséges! - *Don't be ridiculous. There are no lions in this area.*
8. **explain** /ɪk'spleɪn/ - elmagyaráz - *Can you explain what this means?*
9. **fancy (doing sth)** /'fænsi/ - kedve van valamihez - *Do you fancy going for a coffee after work?*
10. **go round to sb's house** /'gəʊ 'raʊnd tu 'haʊs/ - beugrani, átugrani valakihez - *We plan to go round to Fred's house after class. Would you like to join us?*
11. **gossip** /'gɒsɪp/ - pletykál - *All she does all day is gossip about everybody in the neighbourhood.*
12. **I (don't) think so.** /aɪ 'dəʊnt 'θɪŋk 'səʊ/ - Szerintem nem. - *A: Isn't he twenty years old? B: I think so.*
13. **Not much.** /'nɒt 'mʌtʃ/ - Semmi különöset. - *A: What are you doing tonight? B: Not much, really. Any ideas?*
14. **phone** /'fəʊn/ - telefon - *Where's my phone? I want to call Mark.*
15. **spend time (doing sth)** /'spend 'taɪm/ - valamivel tölti az idejét - *Mike spends a lot of time playing computer games.*
16. **top** /tɒp/ - top, póló - *This top will look nice with your jeans.*
17. **What are you up to?** /'wɒt ɑ: jə 'ʌp tu/ - Mit csinálsz? - *A: Hey, Bill. What are you up to? B: Hi! I'm on my way to the supermarket. And you?*
18. **What's on?** /'wɒts'ɒn/ - Mi van műsoron? Mit adnak? (pl.: moziban) - *A: What's on TV, Ted? B: A comedy. Let's watch it together.*
19. **whisper** /'wɪspə(r)/ - suttog - *Someone is in there. I can hear whispers.*
20. **yell** /jel/ - kiált, üvölt - *As he was walking down the street, he heard someone yell his name.*
21. **You're right there.** /juə 'raɪt ðeə(r)/ - Ebben igazad van. - *A: You can find lots of interesting things on the internet. B: You're right about that.*

1b

22. **agree** /ə'gri:/ - egyetért - *A: I think Mr Williams is a very good teacher. B: I agree. I think he is great.*
23. **all the times** /'ɔ:l ðə 'taɪmz/ - minden pillanat - *Thank you for all the times you helped me and my family.*
24. **at first** /ət 'fɜ:st/ - először - *At first, I didn't want to go, but then I changed my mind.*
25. **be over** /bi 'əʊvə(r)/ - véget ér - *I'm so happy my studies are over. Now I can go on holiday.*
26. **begin** /brɪ'gɪn/ - kezdődik - *When does the lesson begin?*
27. **believe** /brɪ'li:v/ - hisz - *I can't believe this is Nigel; he looks so different!*
28. **coach** /kəʊtʃ/ - edző - *Helen's cousin is the coach of our school's basketball team.*
29. **definitely** /'defnətli/ - biztosan - *A: Hey, Peter. Are you going to go sightseeing today? B: Yes, definitely. Would you like to join me?*
30. **drop sth** /drɒp/ - (el)ejt - *A: Oops! I dropped my pen. B: It's OK. I'll get it.*
31. **enough** /ɪ'naʊf/ - elég - *Dan is good enough to be in the school basketball team.*
32. **even** /'i:vən/ - még - *It's always hot here, even in the winter.*
33. **finish** /'fɪnɪʃ/ - befejez(ődik) - *We start work at nine in the morning and we finish at five o'clock.*
34. **Forget it!** /fə'get ɪt/ - Verd ki a fejedből! - *You want me to clean your room every day? Forget it!*
35. **goalkeeper** /'gəʊl,kɪ:pə(r)/ - kapus - *Frank is the goalkeeper of our school football team.*

36. **hockey** /'hɒki/ - hoki - *I like watching hockey on ice.*
37. **hold** /həʊld/ - fog, tart - *Can you please hold this box for me? I need to take the keys out of my pocket.*
38. **Hold on!** /,həʊld 'ɒn/ - *Várj egy kicsit! - Hold on! I'm coming.*
39. **I get it.** /aɪ 'get ɪt/ - *Értem. - I get it. You don't want to go to the park tomorrow.*
40. **in my opinion** /ɪn maɪ ə'pɪnjən/ - szerintem - *In my opinion, Mark's new book is great!*
41. **in the end** /ɪn ði 'end/ - végül - *We had a lot of problems, but everything went well in the end.*
42. **kit** /kɪt/ - mez, szerelés - *This team's kit is blue and red.*
43. **let** /let/ - hagy, enged - *Derek's parents didn't let him go to the concert.*
44. **organise** /'ɔ:ɡənaɪz/ - szervez - *Let's organise some activities for the children.*
45. **pay** /peɪ/ - (meg)fizet - *They paid a lot of money to buy this house.*
46. **pick up** /,pɪk 'ʌp/ - megmarkol - *Can you pick me up from the cinema?*
47. **play in goal** /'pleɪ ɪn 'ɡəʊl/ - (kapuban) véd - *Dean loves to play in goal for his team and he's very good at it, too.*
48. **popular with** /'pɒpjʊlə wɪð/ - népszerű valaki körében - *Extreme sports are very popular with young people in my country.*
49. **practice** /'præktɪs/ - edző-, baráti (pl mérkőzés) - *I have football practice every Thursday.*
50. **refuse** /rɪ'fju:z/ - vonakodik valamit megtenni - *I refused to go hiking because of the bad weather.*
51. **safe** /seɪf/ - biztonságos - *It's a very safe neighbourhood.*
52. **stick** (hockey) /stɪk/ / 'hɒki/ - (hoki) ütő - *We can't play hockey because Jason left the hockey sticks in his father's car.*
53. **tiring** /'taɪərɪŋ/ - fárasztó - *Cleaning the house can be very tiring.*
54. **That's it.** /'ðæts ɪt/ - Egye fene! - *A: You're just afraid to try. B: That's it. I'll do it.*
55. **You're a chicken.** /jʊər ə 'tʃɪkɪn/ - Berezeltél!? - *A: I don't like swimming. It's scary. B: Well, you're a chicken.*

1c

56. **at least** /ət 'li:st/ - legalábbis - *We're leaving on Tuesday. At least that's when we plan to leave.*
57. **available** /ə'veɪləbl/ - elérhető - *This laptop will be available in our shop next week.*
58. **babysitter** /'beɪbɪ, sɪtə(r)/ - gyermekfelügyelő - *A good babysitter needs to be patient.*
59. **be fluent in** /bi 'flu:ənt ɪn/ - folyékonyan beszél valamilyen nyelvet - *Kerry is fluent in both French and Spanish.*
60. **be good with sb** /bi 'ɡʊd wɪð/ - ügyesen bánik valamivel, ért hozzá - *Jessica is very good with children and that's why she became a teacher.*
61. **Best wishes.** /'best 'wɪʃɪz/ - Üdvözlettel, (levél végén) - *Best wishes for the new year!*
62. **candidate** /'kændɪdət/ - jelölt - *All candidates must please remember to write their names and student numbers on the exam papers!*
63. **career** /kə'rɪə(r)/ - hivatás - *What career are you thinking of following?*
64. **change (v./n.)** /tʃeɪndʒ/ - változás, módosítás; (meg) változtat, módosít - *Donald decided that he wants to change jobs. / Matt wants a change because he is tired of doing the same things every day.*
65. **computer skills** /kəm'pjʊ:tə 'skɪlz/ - számítógépes ismeretek - *I believe that, without computer skills, it's difficult to find a job nowadays.*
66. **construction worker** /kən'strʌkʃn, wɜ:kə(r)/ - építőmunkás - *The construction workers will finish building the house this week.*
67. **degree** /drɪ'ɡri:/ - diploma - *Scott has a degree in Physics from the University of Oxford.*
68. **delivery person** /drɪ'lɪvri ,pɜ:sn/ - futár - *Kevin works part-time as a delivery person.*
69. **do sth for a living** /'du: 'sʌmθɪŋ fər ə 'lɪvɪŋ/ - valamivel keresi a kenyerét, ...-ként dolgozik - *I love writing, so it's great that I can do that for a living now.*
70. **experience (n.)** /ɪk'spɪəriəns/ - tapasztalat - *My visit to Blake's house was a horrible experience.*
71. **full-time job** /,fʊl 'taɪm ,dʒɒb/ - teljes állás - *I got my first full-time job at the age of 18.*
72. **give up** /,ɡɪv 'ʌp/ - abbahagy, felad - *I give up. I can't solve this Maths problem, it's too difficult.*
73. **however** /haʊ'evə(r)/ - de, azonban - *This car is expensive. However, I want to buy it.*
74. **in the beginning** /ɪn ðə brɪ'ɡɪnɪŋ/ - kezdetben - *In the beginning, I didn't like this book - but now I can't stop reading it!*
75. **interest (n.)** /'ɪnrəst/ - érdeklődés - *I have an interest in football.*
76. **join** /dʒɔɪn/ - csatlakozik, tagja lesz valaminek - *Bob wants to join our football team.*

77. **licence** /'laɪns/ - engedély, jogosítvány - *Sean can't drive. He doesn't have a driver's licence.*
78. **look forward to** /,lʊk 'fɔ:wəd tu/ - alig vár valamit - *I'm looking forward to visiting you and Ken in March.*
79. **lorry driver** /'lɒri ,draɪvə(r)/ - tehergépkocsi-vezető - *My uncle is a lorry driver.*
80. **midwife** /'mɪd,wɑɪf/ - szülész nő - *The midwife came when Fran was ready to have her baby.*
81. **natural** /'nætʃrəl/ - természetes - *Drinking natural fruit juices is good for your health.*
82. **nowadays** /'naʊədeɪz/ - manapság, napjainkban - *Nowadays people don't write letters. They use email.*
83. **overtime** /'əʊvətaɪm/ - túlóra - *I'm sorry I'm late, but I had to work overtime.*
84. **part-time job** /,pɑ:t 'taɪm dʒɒb/ - részmunkaidős állás, másodállás - *My sister has a part-time job at the café.*
85. **people skills** /'pi:pl skɪlz/ - jó kommunikációs készség - *Shop assistants need to have good people skills.*
86. **previous** /'pri:vɪəs/ - (meg)előző, előzetes - *John has previous experience as a waiter.*
87. **realise** /'ri:əlaɪz/ - ráébred - *We only realised the danger we were in when we looked back.*
88. **such as** /'sʌtʃ əz/ - például - *We make a lot of cakes, such as carrot, cherry*
89. **suitable** /'su:təbl/ - alkalmas, rátermett - *Jeans are not suitable clothes to wear for a wedding.*
90. **Take care.** /,teɪk 'keə(r)/ - A legjobbakat! Vigyázz magadra! (levél végén) - *A: I am going on a trip to Italy tomorrow. B: Really? Well, take care and come back safe!*
91. **take up a hobby** /,teɪk 'ʌp ə 'hɒbi/ - új szenvedélynek hódol - *I took up painting when I finished school.*
92. **teach** /ti:tʃ/ - tanít - *Ann teaches German at a language school.*
93. **university** /ju:nɪ'vɜ:səti/ - egyetem - *He went to university to study to become a doctor.*
94. **welder** /'weldə(r)/ - hegesztő - *Mario is a welder and he loves his job.*
95. **welding** /weldɪŋ/ - hegesztés - *Tony wants to take up welding.*

1d

96. **accessories** /ək'sesəriz/ - (öltözék) kiegészítők - *This belt is my favourite accessory.*
97. **anklet** /'æŋklət/ - bokalánc - *Judy often wears anklets.*
98. **baggy** /'bægi/ - bő, buggyos - *Young people often wore baggy jeans in the nineties.*
99. **belt** /belt/ - öv - *I have to wear my belt because these trousers are too big.*
100. **borrow** /'bɒrəʊ/ - kölcsönkér - *She always borrows clothes from her sister.*
101. **bracelet** /'breɪslət/ - karkötő - *That is a beautiful bracelet you're wearing, Katherine.*
102. **casual** /'kæʒuəl/ - sportos - *Justine prefers casual clothes for the office.*
103. **chain** /tʃeɪn/ - lánc - *I bought a silver chain for my sister. It's her name day tomorrow.*
104. **colourful** /'kʌləfl/ - színes - *I like that T-shirt you're wearing. It is so colourful.*
105. **comfy** = **comfortable** /'kʌmfi 'kʌmfətəbl/ - kényelmes - *This chair is really comfy.*
106. **company** /'kʌmpni/ - cég, vállalat - *Victor works for a big company in London.*
107. **create** /kri'eɪt/ - (meg)alkot - *Do you know who created the internet?*
108. **decorated with** /'dekəreɪtɪd wɪð/ - valamivel díszített - *Tanya is wearing a T-shirt decorated with blue stones.*
109. **design (n.)** /dɪ'zaɪn/ - minta - *Natalie often has her own designs printed on the T-shirts she wears.*
110. **earrings** /'ɪərɪŋz/ - fülbevaló - *Camilla has diamond earrings.*
111. **factory worker** /'fæktri ,wɜ:kə(r)/ - gyári munkás - *Bill is a factory worker.*
112. **footwear** /'fʊt,wəə(r)/ - lábbeli - *I walk a lot, so I need to wear comfortable footwear.*
113. **formal** /'fɔ:ml/ - elegáns, alkalmi - *You need to wear something formal. How about your black suit?*
114. **guide** /gaɪd/ - ismertető, kalauz - *This is an easy guide for making cheese.*
115. **hair band** /'heə ,bənd/ - hajpánt - *Peggy is wearing a colourful hairband.*
116. **have a look** /'hæv ə 'lʊk/ - megnéz - *Have a look at these glasses! Aren't they cool?*
117. **to be 'in'** /tu bi ɪn/ - divatos - *This year, colourful clothes are 'in'.*
118. **in fashion** /ɪn 'fæʃn/ - divatos - *What styles are in fashion this year?*
119. **jewellery** /'dʒu:ələri/ - ékszer - *My sister likes jewellery, especially rings.*
120. **match (v.)** /mætʃ/ - (össze)illik - *That shirt matches your shoes perfectly.*
121. **one's own** /wʌnz 'əʊn/ - saját - *John made his own design for the T-shirt.*

122. **out of fashion** /'aʊt əv 'fæʃn/ - divatjamúlt, ódivatú - *Jeans are never out of fashion.*
123. **plain** /pleɪn/ - egyszerű - *George is wearing a plain, black T-shirt.*
124. **print (v.)** /prɪnt/ - nyomtat - *Could you please print my e-ticket?*
125. **relationship** /rɪ'leɪʃnʃɪp/ - kapcsolat - *I have a good relationship with my brother.*
126. **ring (n.)** /rɪŋ/ - gyűrű - *Tony is married. There is a ring on his finger.*
127. **scarf** /skɑːf/ - sál - *That scarf is beautiful.*
128. **sea shells** /'siːʃelz/ - tengeri kagyló - *We found some beautiful sea shells as we were walking along the beach.*
129. **sportswear** /'spɔːts,weə(r)/ - sportöltözék - *I can't play football today, I forgot my sportswear.*
130. **stones** /stəʊnz/ - kövek - *We can use these stones to make a necklace.*
131. **style** /staɪl/ - stílus - *I like your style. Where do you get your clothes from?*
132. **teen trends** /'tiːn,trendz/ - tini divat - *You can find a lot of information about the latest teen trends in this magazine.*
133. **torn** /tɔːn/ - tépett - *Torn jeans are now in fashion. Everyone wears them.*
134. **unisex** /'juːnɪ,seks/ - mindkét nem által hordott - *These T-shirts are unisex.*

1 Top Skills

135. **active** /'æktɪv/ - tevékeny, energikus - *Stanley is an active boy and he loves sports.*
136. **annoy** /ə'noɪ/ - bosszant, idegesít - *What really annoys me about this place is the weather.*
137. **annoying** /ə'noɪɪŋ/ - bosszantó - *I love my brother, Tom, even though he can be very annoying.*
138. **apart from** /ə'pɑːt frəm/ - eltekintve valamitől - *I like all vegetables, apart from potatoes.*
139. **bad-tempered** /,bæd 'tempəd/ - zsörtölődő, zsémbes - *Robin gets very bad-tempered when his brother borrows his things without asking.*
140. **bossy** /'bɒsi/ - hatalmaskodó - *Mark is really bossy. He is always giving orders to people.*
141. **calm** /kɑːm/ - nyugodt - *My sister is always calm and happy.*
142. **can't stand** /kɑːnt 'stænd/ - ki nem állhat - *I can't stand the smell of fish.*
143. **cheer up** /tʃɪər 'ʌp/ - felvidít - *The sunny day cheered everyone up.*
144. **cheerful** /tʃɪəfl/ - vidám - *Natalie is a cheerful girl. She smiles all the time.*
145. **confident** /'kɒnfɪdənt/ - magabiztos - *He's very confident. He knows he can make it.*
146. **description** /dɪ'skɪrɪʃn/ - jellemzés - *He gave a very good description of what the woman he saw looked like.*
147. **feel down** /,fiːl 'daʊn/ - lehangolt, szomorú - *The rain makes me feel down because I have to stay at home.*
148. **fight (v.)** /faɪt/ - marakodik, vitázik - *I almost never fight with my friend, Jeff.*
149. **get along (with)** /,get ə'lɒŋ wɪð/ - megfér, kijön valakivel - *Larry and his brother, Fred, get along very well with each other.*
150. **in addition** /ɪn ə'dɪʃn/ - ráadásul, azonkívül - *Painting can help you relax. In addition, it's a creative way of spending your time.*
151. **keen on** /'kiːn ɒn/ - lelkes, szenvedélyes - *My cousin is keen on windsurfing; he goes every weekend.*
152. **listener** /'lɪsnə(r)/ - mások problémáit figyelemmel hallgató személy; „lelki szemetesláda” - *Betty is a good listener, so I go to her when I have a problem.*
153. **lively** /'laɪvli/ - élénk, energikus - *Paris is a lively city with lots of different places to visit.*
154. **manage** /'mænɪdʒ/ - megbirkózik valamivel, sikerül - *We managed to finish all our work by five o'clock.*
155. **nervous** /'nɜːvəs/ - ideges - *Why are you so nervous? What happened?*
156. **nightmare** /'naɪt,meə(r)/ - rémálom - *I had a terrible nightmare last night.*
157. **outgoing** /,aʊt'gəʊɪŋ/ - társaságkedvelő - *I like outgoing people. You always have something to talk about with them.*
158. **pastime** /'pɑːs,tɑɪm/ - szórakozás - *Jim's favourite pastime is swimming.*
159. **polite** /pə'laɪt/ - udvarias - *I like this restaurant because the waiters are polite and friendly.*
160. **selfish** /'selfɪʃ/ - önző - *She never helps others. She's so selfish.*
161. **sense of fashion** /'sens əv 'fæʃn/ - divatérzék - *Kathy reads lots of fashion magazines, so she has a good sense of fashion.*
162. **stubborn** /'stʌbən/ - makacs - *Kyle is stubborn, so I don't think he'll change his mind.*
163. **treat (v.)** /tri:t/ - kezel, bánik valakivel - *I get upset when they treat me like I'm a small child.*
164. **turn to** /'tɜːn tu/ - fordul valakihez - *I always turn to my elder brother when I have a problem.*

165. **twin** /twɪn/ - ikrek - *Jim and Bill are twins, but they like different things.*

166. **upset** /ʌp'set/ - kiborult, zaklatott - *He's upset because he didn't pass the test.*

167. **whenever** /wen'evə(r)/ - valahányszor - *Give me a call whenever you can.*

2a

1. **brave** /breɪv/ - bátor - *Jake is a very brave boy. He is not afraid of snakes.*
2. **bungee-jumping** /'bʌndʒiː ˌdʒʌmpɪŋ/ - kötélugrás (bungee-jumping) - *Bungee jumping is an exciting sport.*
3. **cave** /keɪv/ - barlang - *Once upon a time, humans used to live in caves.*
4. **danger** /'deɪndʒə(r)/ - veszély - *My job as a fireman involves a lot of danger.*
5. **dangerous** /'deɪndʒərəs/ - veszélyes - *It can be very dangerous to walk in this forest because there are lots of bears around this time of year.*
6. **delicious** /dɪ'lɪʃəs/ - finom - *This strawberry ice cream is delicious.*
7. **exotic** /ɪg'zɒtɪk/ - egzotikus - *She likes watching documentaries about exotic places.*
8. **hut** /hʌt/ - kunyhó - *There is a small hut in the middle of the forest.*
9. **I dare you.** /aɪ 'deə ju/ - Meg mered csinálni! - *Climb up that tree! I dare you!*
10. **I don't care.** /aɪ dəʊnt 'keə(r)/ - Nem érdekel. Nem izgat. - *I'm going to go bungee jumping. I don't care if you think it's dangerous.*
11. **jungle** /'dʒʌŋɡ(ə)/ - dzsungel - *There are lots of animals in the Amazon jungle.*
12. **part of** /'pɑːt əv/ - része valaminek - *Adventure is part of my life. I like going to new places and trying new things.*
13. **photograph** /'fəʊtə,grɑːf/ - fénykép - *This is a very old photograph of my grandfather.*
14. **scary** /'skeəri/ - ijesztő, rettetes - *I don't like watching scary films.*
15. **smell (v.)** /smel/ - valamilyen illata, szaga van - *The food smells nice! What's in it?*
16. **spider** /'spɪdə(r)/ - pók - *Look! There is a small spider on the wall.*
17. **take it away** /'teɪk ɪt ə'weɪ/ - elvisz - *This steak is cold. Please take it away and bring me a warm one.*
18. **taste (v.)** /teɪst/ - megkóstol - *Would you like to taste some of the noodle soup I made?*
19. **zookeeper** /'zuːkiːpə(r)/ - állatkerti állatgondozó - *The zookeeper was cleaning the elephants when we went to the zoo.*

2b

20. **allergic** /ə'liːdʒɪk/ - allergiás - *Some people are allergic to mushrooms.*
21. **bee** /biː/ - méh - *Bees make honey.*
22. **binoculars** /brɪ'nɒkjʊləz/ - távcső - *People who go on a safari have a pair of binoculars with them to watch the animals.*
23. **compass** /'kʌmpəs/ - iránytű - *Don't forget to take your compass with you when you go on a hiking trip.*
24. **first-aid kit** /,fɜːst 'eɪd kɪt/ - elsősegélyláda - *Every family should have a first aid kit at home.*
25. **grass** /grɑːs/ - fű - *We need to cut the grass in the back garden.*
26. **leaf – leaves** /liːf liːvz/ - falevél - falevelek - *Leaves fall off the trees in the autumn.*
27. **map** /mæp/ - térkép - *Have you got a map? Where are we?*
28. **penknife** /'pen,naɪf/ - papírvágó - *Henry put the tent, the torch and the penknife in his car and went on a camping trip.*
29. **pretty (adv.)** /'prɪti/ - meglehetősen, iszonyúan - *This bag is pretty cheap.*
30. **rope** /rəʊp/ - köté - *We climbed up the mountain using a rope.*
31. **sting (n./v.)** /stɪŋ/ - csípés; csíp - *When a bee stings you, it hurts for a few days. / When a bee stings you, it hurts for a few days.*
32. **swell (up)** /,swel 'ʌp/ - felduzzad - *I sprained my ankle and it has swollen up.*
33. **torch** /tɔːtʃ/ - elemlámpa, zseblámpa - *I can't see anything! Where's the torch?*
34. **Where shall we go now?** /'weə ʃæl wiː 'gəʊ 'naʊ/ - Na, hova menjünk? - *A: Where shall we go now? B: Let's go to the youth club.*
35. **whistle** /'wɪsl/ - síp - *If you need help, blow the whistle and we will come quickly.*
36. **wonderful** /'wʌndəfl/ - csodás - *The hotel has got a wonderful view of the sea.*

2c

37. **ant** /ænt/ - hangya - *We went on a picnic, but ants got into our food.*
38. **below** /br'ləʊ/ - lent, alatt - *My brother, Philip, lives in the flat below.*
39. **builder** /'bɪldə(r)/ - építőmunkás - *Tom's father is a builder and he built a lot of the houses in our neighbourhood.*
40. **cleaner** /'kli:nə(r)/ - takarító - *The cleaner comes twice a week and cleans the office.*
41. **chef** /ʃef/ - főszakács - *The chef in this restaurant makes great food.*
42. **dentist** /'dentɪst/ - fogorvos - *The dentist checked and cleaned Joe's teeth.*
43. **experience** /ɪk'spɪəriəns/ - élmény, tapasztalat - *Scott has a lot of experience in sales, so it was easy for him to find a job at the shopping centre.*
44. **firefighter** /'faɪə,fɑɪtə(r)/ - tűzoltó - *A firefighter puts out fires.*
45. **ground** /graʊnd/ - talaj, föld - *Don't throw litter on the ground!*
46. **height** /haɪt/ - magasság - *This building has a height of over 800m!*
47. **lifeguard** /'laɪf,gɑ:d/ - életmentő - *Mitch works as a lifeguard in the summer.*
48. **mechanic** /mɪ'kæni:k/ - autószerelő - *A mechanic fixed our car.*
49. **nurse** /nɜ:s/ - ápoló(nő) - *Fran is a nurse at the New General Hospital.*
50. **photographer** /'fəʊtəgrəfə(r)/ - fényképész - *That photographer takes great pictures of animals.*
51. **pigeon** /'pɪdʒn/ - galamb - *There are many pigeons in the city centre.*
52. **pilot** /'paɪlət/ - pilóta - *Greg loves planes and wants to be a pilot one day.*
53. **reporter** /rɪ'pɔ:tə(r)/ - riporter - *Tom and Dylan are reporters from Berlin.*
54. **safety equipment** /'seɪftɪ ɪ,kwɪpmənt/ - biztonsági felszerelés - *Climbers carry safety equipment with them.*
55. **secretary** /'sekɹətɹi/ - titkár(nő) - *Mrs Simpson is a secretary.*
56. **shop assistant** /'ʃɒp ə,sɪstnt/ - bolti eladó - *The shop assistants at the shopping centre are very good.*
57. **strong** /strɒŋ/ - erős - *Trees sometimes fall down when there are strong winds.*
58. **What's it like ...?** /'wɒts ɪt 'laɪk/ - Milyen ...? - *What is your new house like?*
59. **winds** /wɪnz/ - szél - *The winds are very strong today.*

2d

60. **adopt** /ə'dɒpt/ - örökbe fogad - *The couple had no children and decided to adopt one.*
61. **because of** /br'kɒz əv/ - valami miatt - *We didn't visit the Acropolis because of the rain.*
62. **cheetah** /'tʃi:tə/ - gepárd - *Cheetahs are very fast animals and great hunters, too.*
63. **destroy** /dɪ'strɔɪ/ - elpusztít - *The fire destroyed the whole building.*
64. **elephant** /'elɪfənt/ - elefánt - *Elephants are usually grey.*
65. **endangered species** /ɪn,dɛɪndʒəd 'spi:ʃi:z/ - veszélyeztetett fajok - *Rhinos are an endangered species.*
66. **female** /'fi:meɪl/ - nőstény - *The female elephant was with her baby.*
67. **fur** /fɜ:(r)/ - bunda, szőr - *A cat's fur is soft.*
68. **gorilla** /gə'rɪlə/ - gorilla - *The mountain gorilla is an endangered species.*
69. **heavy** /'hevi/ - súlyos, nehéz - *This bag is too heavy. I can't carry it.*
70. **horn** /hɔ:n/ - szarv - *Most goats have two horns.*
71. **hunter** /'hʌntə(r)/ - vadász - *The hunters killed some deer.*
72. **hunting** /'hʌntɪŋ/ - vadászat - *Hunting in the woods can be dangerous if you aren't careful.*
73. **in danger** /ɪn 'deɪndʒə(r)/ - veszélyben - *Pandas are in danger because people cut down the forests where they live.*
74. **in the wild** /ɪn ðə 'waɪld/ - a vadonban - *There are only a few pandas left in the wild.*
75. **kill** /kɪl/ - megöl - *Lions kill other animals to eat them.*
76. **list** /lɪst/ - lista, jegyzék - *I always make a list of everything I want to buy before I go shopping.*
77. **male** /meɪl/ - hím - *Male gorillas are heavier than female gorillas.*
78. **mostly** /'məʊstli/ - főként - *I love cake. Mostly chocolate cake.*
79. **natural habitat** /'nætʃrəl ,hæbrɪtæt/ - természetes élőhely - *We must protect animals' natural habitats.*
80. **organisation** /,ɔ:gənəɪ'zeɪʃn/ - szervezet - *WWF is an organisation that protects the environment.*

81. **panda** /'pændə/ - panda - *Most pandas in the world live in China.*
82. **reason** /'ri:zn/ - ok - *The reason I am a teacher is because I enjoy teaching children.*
83. **research** /rɪ'sɜ:tʃ/ - kutatás - *Dr Hall is doing research on air pollution in big cities.*
84. **rhino** /'raɪnəʊ/ - orrszarvú - *Rhinos are big, grey animals that are really heavy, but they can swim quite well.*
85. **spot** /spɒt/ - pötty, folt - *Cheetahs have black spots.*
86. **stripe** /straɪp/ - csík - *Tigers have black stripes.*
87. **thanks to** /'θæŋks tə/ - hála valakinek - *Thanks to your help, we have finished our project on time.*
88. **tiger** /'taɪgə(r)/ - tigris - *Tigers live in the wild.*
89. **tropical** /'trɒpɪkl/ - trópusi - *Pineapple is my favourite tropical fruit.*
90. **trunk** /trʌŋk/ - ormány - *Elephants use their trunks to drink water.*
91. **tusk** /tʌsk/ - agyar - *Many hunters kill elephants for their valuable tusks.*
92. **weigh** /weɪ/ - valamilyen súlyú, súlyra valamennyit nyom - *The baby weighs 3,5 kilogrammes.*
93. **zebra** /'zebrə/ - zebra - *Zebras have got black and white stripes.*
94. **zoologist** /zəʊ'blɒdʒɪst/ - zoológus - *Being a zoologist is an interesting job for those who like animals.*

2 Top Skills

95. **a great laugh** /ə ,ɡreɪt 'lɑ:f/ - mókamester, humoros alak - *Andrew is a great laugh. We always have a lot of fun together.*
96. **canoeing** /kə'nu:ɪŋ/ - kenuzás - *My dad and I go canoeing every summer. We just love being out in the water.*
97. **exhausted** /ɪɡ'zɔ:stɪd/ - kimerült, fáradt - *Several hours after rock climbing, we were exhausted.*
98. **hiking** /'haɪkɪŋ/ - túrázás - *I like hiking in the mountains.*
99. **horse riding** /'hɔ:s ,raɪdɪŋ/ - lovaglás - *Jeanette goes horse riding every weekend.*
100. **lake** /leɪk/ - tó - *The children wanted to go swimming in the lake.*
101. **mountain biking** /'maʊntɪn ,baɪkɪŋ/ - hegyi kerékpározás - *You need to buy a special bicycle for mountain biking.*
102. **sailing** /'seɪlɪŋ/ - vitorlázás - *Sailing is a great summer activity.*
103. **scuba diving** /'sku:bə ,daɪvɪŋ/ - búvárkodás - *You need a special suit and equipment to go scuba diving.*
104. **surfing** /'sɜ:(r)fɪŋ/ - szörfözés - *I always go surfing when it's windy.*
105. **windsurfing** /'wɪnd,sɜ:fɪŋ/ - széllovaglás - *We go windsurfing when it's windy.*

3

Module

3a

1. **a pair of** /ə 'peər əv/ - egy pár - *I bought this new pair of shoes today. What do you think?*
2. **blouse** /blaʊz/ - blúz - *Sally was wearing a blue skirt and a yellow blouse.*
3. **coat** /kəʊt/ - kabát - *Take a coat with you, it's cold outside.*
4. **fit (v.)** /fɪt/ - méretre megfelelő - *A: Does this jumper fit you? B: Yes. It's fine.*
5. **gloves** /glʌvz/ - kesztyű - *We usually wear gloves when it's cold.*
6. **hoody** /'hʊdi/ - kapucnis pulóver - *Eddie always wears hoodies.*
7. **lately** /'leɪtli/ - mostanában - *I started going to the gym lately.*
8. **leggings** /'legɪŋz/ - (elasztikus) lábfej nélküli harisnyanadrág - *Leggings keep your legs warm in winter.*
9. **loads** /'ləʊdz/ - rengeteg - *Molly has got loads of books and has read them all.*
10. **perfect(ly)** /'pɜːfɪktli/ - tökéletes(en) - *This computer is perfect for Tim. / These trousers fit me perfectly.*
11. **sandals** /'sændlz/ - szandál - *In the summer, we wear sandals.*
12. **shirt** /ʃɜːt/ - ing - *Have you got this shirt in another colour?*
13. **skirt** /skɜːt/ - szoknya - *Kathy likes wearing long skirts.*
14. **suit** /suːt/ - öltöny - *Paul's suit is brown.*
15. **tie** /taɪ/ - nyakkendő - *A lot of men wear ties at work.*
16. **tight (adj.)** /taɪt/ - szűk, szoros - *These jeans are not my size. They are too tight.*
17. **tracksuit** /'træk,suːt/ - szabadidőruha - *I always wear tracksuits when I go to the gym.*
18. **try on** /,traɪ 'ɒn/ - felpróbál - *Can I try on these trousers in a different colour?*
19. **What size is it?** /'wɒt 'saɪz ɪz ɪt/ - Milyen méret(ű ez)? - *What size is this top? Is it a small?*
20. **Whatever you say!** /'wɒt'evə jʊ 'seɪ/ - Ha te mondd! - *A: Manchester United is the best football team in the world. B: OK, Bob, whatever you say.*
21. **You know me.** /jʊ 'nəʊ miː/ - Ismersz engem, nemde! - *You know me. I don't like to wear suits or ties.*

3b

22. **advice** /əd'vaɪs/ - tanács - *Please give me some advice. I don't know which bike is better.*
23. **camera** /'kæmərə/ - fényképezőgép - *My new phone has got a great camera so now I can take better photos.*
24. **cents** /sents/ - cent - *This shirt costs 40 euros and 50 cents.*
25. **connect** /kə'nekt/ - csatlakozni - *He connected his phone to the computer so that he could see the photos he took.*
26. **dollar** /'dɒlə/ - dollár - *The book costs fifteen dollars.*
27. **euro(s)** /'jʊərəʊz/ - euro (pénznem) - *This skirt costs 20 euros.*
28. **Give me a few minutes.** /'gɪv miː ə fjuː 'mɪnɪts/ - Adj néhány percet! Adj egy kis gondolkodási időt! - *Give me a few minutes and I'll be ready.*
29. **How much does it cost?** /'haʊ mʌtʃ dɒz ɪt 'kɒst/ - Mennyibe kerül? - *A: How much does this cap cost? B: Five pounds.*
30. **How much is it?** /'haʊ mʌtʃ ɪz ɪt/ - Mennyibe kerül? - *A: I like this shirt. How much is it? B: It's £70.*
31. **hundred** /'hʌndrəd/ - száz - *This tablet costs two hundred dollars.*
32. **I'm afraid ...** /aɪm ə'freɪd/ - Sajnos ... - *I'm afraid I can't go to the cinema with you this evening. I'm sorry.*
33. **keyboard** /kiː'bɔːd/ - billentyűzet - *She bought a new keyboard for her computer.*
34. **laptop** /'læp,tɒp/ - laptop - *William wants a laptop because he travels a lot.*
35. **light** /laɪt/ - könnyű - *I can carry my bag, it's very light.*
36. **make video calls** /meɪk 'vɪdɪəʊ kɔːlz/ - videóhívásokat kezdeményezni - *At the weekends, I sometimes make video calls to my cousins in Australia.*
37. **model** /'mɒdl/ - modell, darab - *The latest model of the car is even better.*
38. **money** /'mʌni/ - pénz - *Where is the bank? I need to get some money.*

39. **mouse** /maʊs/ - egér - *Use the mouse to click on the accept button.*
40. **nowadays** /'naʊədeɪz/ - manapság - *Nowadays people don't write letters. They use email.*
41. **pence** /pens/ - penni - *There are one hundred pence in one pound.*
42. **pound** /paʊnd/ - font - *This netbook costs seventy-five pounds.*
43. **price** /praɪs/ - ár - *What is the price of the ticket for the museum?*
44. **screen** /skri:n/ - képernyő - *My laptop screen is very bright.*
45. **store (v.)** /stɔ:(r)/ - tárol - *Many people use their garages to store things.*
46. **tablet** /'tæblɪt/ - tablet, táblagép - *Andrew plays games on his tablet.*
47. **Take your time.** /'teɪk jə taɪm/ - Ne siess, csak nyugodtan. - *Take your time and think carefully. We don't need an answer until next week.*
48. **That looks cool.** /ðæt 'lʊks 'ku:l/ - Fantasztikusan néz ki! - *That T-shirt looks cool on you. Buy it!*
49. **touch** /tʌtʃ/ - érint - *Don't touch the wall. I've just painted it.*
50. **Wi-Fi** /'waɪfaɪ/ - Wi-Fi - *The Wi-Fi is very slow today and I can't make a video call to my aunt.*
51. **wireless** /'waɪələs/ - vezeték nélküli - *Something is wrong with my Wi-Fi connection. I don't have wireless internet.*

3c

52. **by accident** /baɪ 'æksɪdnt/ - véletlenül - *Lucy broke the window by accident.*
53. **cheque** /tʃek/ - csekk - *Laurie wrote the cheque and gave it to the shop assistant.*
54. **do sth for a living** /'du: 'sʌmθɪŋ fər ə 'lɪvɪŋ/ - valamivel keresi a kenyerét - *I love writing, so it's great now that I can do that for a living.*
55. **exhibition** /,eksɪ'bɪʃn/ - kiállítás - *There is an art exhibition at the local gallery.*
56. **introduce** /,ɪntrə'dju:s/ - bemutat - *Let me introduce you. Dad, this is my teacher, Mr Roberts.*
57. **masterpiece** /'mɑ:stəpi:s/ - remekmű, mestermű - *The Mona Lisa is a famous masterpiece by Leonardo Da Vinci.*
58. **own (v.)** /əʊn/ - birtokol, van valamije - *My friend, Leonard, owns a house in central London.*
59. **owner** /'əʊnə(r)/ - tulajdonos - *A: Who is the owner of this car? B: Bill. This car is his.*
60. **paint (n.)** /peɪnt/ - festék - *We need some more white paint for the walls.*
61. **pass by** /,pɑ:s 'baɪ/ - elhalad valami mellett - *The other day, Paul was at the internet café when he saw his cousin, Clarence*
62. **stick** /stɪk/ - (rá)ragad - *When I make a cake, I always stick the decorations on with honey.*
63. **towards** /tə'wɔ:dz/ - valaki, valami felé - *Do you know that man who is coming towards us?*
64. **true** /tru:/ - valódi, igazi - *A: Is it true that dolphins aren't fish? B: Yes, it's true.*
65. **without** /wɪð'aʊt/ - nélkül - *I would like a cup of coffee without sugar.*

3d

66. **bug** /bʌg/ - működési hiba (számítógépnél) - *Oh, no! I think my computer has got a bug! I can't open any of the computer programs.*
67. **check** /tʃek/ - ellenőriz - *My mother checks my homework every afternoon.*
68. **communicate** /kə'mju:nɪkeɪt/ - érintkezik, összeköttetésben áll - *Janice often communicates by email with her cousins in Canada.*
69. **delete** /dɪ'li:t/ - töröl - *Don't delete this file. I'm working on it.*
70. **download** /,daʊn'ləʊd/ - letölt - *I often download free e-books from the internet.*
71. **for free** /fɔ: 'fri:/ - ingyen - *You don't have to pay me. I'll do it for free. I'm happy to help.*
72. **ill** /ɪl/ - beteg - *Stewart felt ill so he went home early.*
73. **message** /'mesɪdʒ/ - üzenet - *Send me a message if you can't come this afternoon.*
74. **normally** /'nɔ:mlɪ/ - megfelelően - *Our washing machine is not working normally.*
75. **printer** /'prɪntə(r)/ - nyomtató - *Do you have a printer? I would like to print my ticket.*
76. **program** /'prəʊgræm/ - program - *This is the program I use to watch DVDs on my laptop.*
77. **social media sites** /səʊʃəl 'mi:diə saɪts/ - közösségi média oldalak - *I usually use social media sites to share funny or interesting videos with my friends.*
78. **speakers** /'spi:kəz/ - hangszórók - *Jim needs some new speakers for his computer.*

79. **update** /ʌp'deɪt/ - frissít - *You must update your anti-virus program more often.*
80. **USB flash drive** /ju: es'bi: 'flæʃ ,draɪv/ - USB meghajtó - *You can use a USB flash drive to transfer information from my computer to yours.*
81. **video** /'vɪdɪəʊ/ - videó - *My friends and I often watch videos on the internet.*
82. **virus** /'vaɪrəs/ - vírus - *Don't open the email offering you a free holiday. It contains a virus.*
83. **website** /'web,sart/ - honlap - *You can see what time the museum opens on its website.*

3 Top Skills

84. **dog stylist** /,dɒg 'stɑɪlɪst/ - kutyakozmetikus - *Nadia took her dog to a dog stylist.*
85. **fruit picker** /,fru:t 'pɪkə(r)/ - gyümölcszedő - *Lincoln worked as a fruit picker last summer.*
86. **get paid** /get 'peɪd/ - fizetést kap - *Teachers don't get paid well.*
87. **I don't mind.** /aɪ dəʊnt 'maɪnd/ - Nem bánom. Szívesen csinálom. - *A: Do you want to leave today, or tomorrow? B: I don't mind. You decide.*
88. **ideal** /aɪ'dɪəl/ - tökéletes, ideális - *A computer game is the ideal present for him. He loves computer games.*
89. **in addition** /ɪn ə'dɪʃn/ - ráadásul - *In addition to going scuba diving, guests can also take a boat trip to a nearby island.*
90. **Imagine that!** /ɪ'mædʒɪn ðæt/ - Gondolj bele! - *He works 10 hours every day. Imagine that!*
91. **librarian** /laɪ'brɛəriən/ - könyvtáros - *Lisa works as a librarian in the central library of our town.*
92. **long hours** /lɒŋ 'aʊəz/ - sokáig (késő estig) - *We don't see him very often because he is a doctor and works long hours.*
93. **make money** /'meɪk 'mʌni/ - pénzt keres - *This football player makes a lot of money.*
94. **normal** /'nɔ:ml/ - szokványos - *Your temperature is normal; you don't have a fever.*
95. **performer** /pə'fɔ:mə(r)/ - (előadó)művész - *I liked the show. All the performers were very good.*
96. **pocket money** /'pɒkɪt ,mʌni/ - zsebpénz - *How much is your pocket money every week?*
97. **tester** /'testə(r)/ - (termék)tesztelő - *Ken works part-time as a furniture tester.*
98. **weekly** /'wi:kli/ - hetente egyszer - *I get my pocket money weekly.*
99. **whole** /həʊl/ - egész - *Vicky often spends the whole afternoon doing her homework.*

4a

1. **burn** /bɜ:n/ - (meg)éget - *Don't play with matches. You'll burn yourself.*
2. **cm (centimetre)** /'sentɪ,mɪ:tə(r)/ - centiméter - *There are a hundred centimetres in a metre.*
3. **cough** /kɒf/ - köhögés - *That cough sounds bad; you should take something for it.*
4. **cut** /kʌt/ - (el)vág - *He cut the cheese into pieces.*
5. **earache** /'ɪərəɪk/ - fülfájás - *I have a really bad earache.*
6. **for a while** /fər ə 'waɪl/ - egy kis időre, egy kicsit - *Can I talk to you for a while?*
7. **garlic** /'gɑ:lɪk/ - fokhagyma - *I don't like garlic in food.*
8. **go away** /,gəʊ ə'weɪ/ - elmúlik - *I'm going away for the weekend.*
9. **hairdryer** /'heə,draɪə(r)/ - hajszárító - *I bought a new hairdryer last week.*
10. **headache** /'hedɪk/ - fejfájás - *I need to take some medicine for my headache.*
11. **healthy** /'helθi/ - egészséges - *Apples are delicious and they are healthy, too.*
12. **in half** /ɪn 'hɑ:f/ - félbe - *I cut the sandwich in half, so that Jim and I both had something to eat.*
13. **loud** /laʊd/ - hangos - *Please don't play loud music because I'm trying to do my homework.*
14. **medicine** /'medsn/ - orvosság - *Did the doctor tell you to take this medicine?*
15. **onion** /'ɒnjən/ - vöröshagyma - *I like onions in my salad.*
16. **or else** /ɔ:r 'els/ - (mert) különben - *Do your homework or else I'll get angry!*
17. **pain** /peɪn/ - fájdalom - *He broke his leg and now he is in pain.*
18. **painkiller** /'peɪn,kɪlə(r)/ - fájdalomcsillapító - *If the pain is strong, take a painkiller.*
19. **sore throat** /sɔ: 'θrəʊt/ - torokfájás - *My sore throat doesn't let me eat or drink anything.*
20. **stomach ache** /'stʌmək eɪk/ - gyomorfájás - *If you eat all that candy you will get a stomach ache.*
21. **temperature** /'temprɪtʃə(r)/ - láz - *Rob didn't go to school this morning because he had a temperature.*
22. **the flu** /ðə 'flu:/ - influenza - *All schools closed for a week because of the dangerous flu.*
23. **tie (v.)** /taɪ/ - (oda)köt(öz) - *Marion tied the scarf around her little sister's neck.*
24. **toothache** /'tu:θeɪk/ - fogfájás - *It's a good idea to see the dentist if you have toothache.*
25. **What's wrong with you?** /'wɒts 'rɒŋ wɪð ju/ - Mi bajod van? - *You don't look well today. What's wrong with you?*

4b

26. **be fit** /bi: fɪt/ - jó kondícióban van - *My dad is fit because he plays tennis every day.*
27. **be too long** /bi: 'tu: 'lɒŋ/ - túlságosan hosszú - *I hope I wasn't too long, but my karate class finished later than I thought it would.*
28. **do aerobics** /'du: eə'rəʊbɪks/ - aerobikozik - *We do aerobics every Monday morning.*
29. **do karate** /'du: kə'rɑ:ti/ - karatézik - *Henry is not afraid of anyone. He does karate.*
30. **exercise (n./v.)** /'eksəsaɪz/ - testmozgás, torna; edz(i) magát - *Swimming is good exercise. / It's good to exercise every day.*
31. **go jogging** /'gəʊ 'dʒɒŋɪŋ/ - kocog, kocogni jár - *I go jogging for half an hour every morning.*
32. **instructor** /ɪn'strʌktə(r)/ - oktató - *Michael is a driving instructor. He teaches people how to drive.*
33. **lift weights** /'lɪft 'weɪts/ - súlyozózik - *I can't lift weights that are very heavy.*
34. **so many** /səʊ 'meni/ - olyan sok - *He has so many books that there are no more shelves to put them on.*
35. **use machines** /'ju:z mə'fi:nz/ - (kondi)gépeket használ - *There are several things you can do at the gym. For example, you can use the different machines or go to a class.*
36. **work out** /,wɜ:k 'aʊt/ - edz - *Fred works out at the gym every Sunday.*

4c

37. **aquarium** /ə'kwɛəriəm/ - akvárium - *Let's visit the new aquarium tomorrow. The boys want to see the sharks.*
38. **at the same time** /æt ðə 'seɪm 'taɪm/ - egyszerre, egy időben - *I can't do two things at the same time.*
39. **calm down** /'kɑ:m 'daʊn/ - megnyugszik, lecsillapodik - *Calm down! Everything is going to be fine.*
40. **especially** /ɪ'speʃli/ - különösen - *I like all sports, especially swimming.*
41. **even if** /'i:vən ɪf/ - még akkor is, ha... - *Walking is good for you, even if you are going slowly.*
42. **lonely** /'lɒnli/ - magányos - *John has just moved to a new town where he doesn't know anyone and is feeling very lonely.*
43. **make sb do sth** /'meɪk 'sʌmbədi du: 'sʌmθɪŋ/ - valakivel valamit csináltat - *My dad made me do my homework before I went to the park.*
44. **move away** /'mu:v ə'weɪ/ - elköltözik - *Gina moved away last year and I haven't seen her since then.*
45. **on one's own** /ɒn wʌnz 'əʊn/ - egyedül - *You're big enough to get dressed on your own.*
46. **responsible** /rɪ'spɒnsəbl/ - felelős - *Jim is a very responsible person; you can trust him.*
47. **sociable** /'səʊfəbl/ - barátságos, barátkozó - *Kyle's brother is very sociable and has a lot of friends.*
48. **stressed** /strest/ - feszült - *He was very stressed before the exam.*
49. **therapy** /'θerəpi/ - terápia, gyógy mód - *Pets can be great therapy because they help you forget your problems.*
50. **unhappy** /ʌn'hæpi/ - boldogtalan - *He's unhappy because he doesn't have any friends.*
51. **unwell** /ʌn'wel/ - gyengélkedik, nincs jól - *Henry was feeling unwell, so he decided to see a doctor.*
52. **welcome** /'welkəm/ - üdvözl - *When we arrived at my aunt's place, the whole family was there to welcome us.*

4d

53. **avoid** /ə'vɔɪd/ - elkerül, távol tartja magát valamitől - *It's a good idea to avoid eating too many sweets.*
54. **beans** /bi:nz/ - bab - *Beans are very healthy.*
55. **beef** /bi:f/ - marhahús - *I really like chicken, but I don't like beef.*
56. **bones** /bəʊnz/ - csontok - *Our dog likes to bury bones in the garden.*
57. **brain** /breɪn/ - agy - *Use your brain and think of a good idea!*
58. **broccoli** /'brɒkəli/ - brokkoli - *My mum loves to make broccoli soup, but I can't stand it!*
59. **butter** /'bʌtə(r)/ - vaj - *I love eating toast with butter.*
60. **calcium** /'kælsiəm/ - kalcium - *Kids need calcium to grow up properly.*
61. **cereal** /'sɪəriəl/ - zabpehely, kukoricapehely - *Every morning, I have cereal for breakfast.*
62. **dairy products** /'deəri 'prɒdʌkts/ - tejtermékek - *Milk and cheese are dairy products.*
63. **diet** /'daɪət/ - étrend - *My diet hasn't been healthy lately. I've been eating a lot of chocolate.*
64. **energetic** /,enə'dzɛtɪk/ - energikus - *Tom is very energetic. He never sits still for more than an hour.*
65. **energy** /'enədʒi/ - energia - *The children have so much energy. They never get tired.*
66. **fresh** /fref/ - friss - *The vegetables in this salad are very fresh. I collected them from my garden this morning.*
67. **grapes** /greɪps/ - szőlő - *Grapes come out in the summer.*
68. **grow** /grəʊ/ - nő, növekedik - *Trees grow slowly.*
69. **illness** /'ɪlnəs/ - betegség - *Tom stayed in bed yesterday because of his illness.*
70. **include** /ɪn'klu:d/ - tartalmaz, magába foglal - *Our meal includes a chicken sandwich, chips and a soft drink.*
71. **lettuce** /'letɪs/ - fejes saláta - *Ben is making a salad with the lettuce he bought today.*
72. **mayonnaise** /,meɪə'neɪz/ - majonéz - *A: Would you like some ketchup or mayonnaise? B: No, thank you.*
73. **melon** /'melən/ - sárgadinnye - *Ted's favourite fruit is melon.*
74. **muscles** /'mʌslz/ - izmok - *Weight lifters have got strong muscles.*
75. **necessary** /'nesəsəri/ - szükséges - *It's not necessary to bring a jacket; it's really warm today.*
76. **nuts** /nʌts/ - dió - *Nuts are good to eat as a snack.*
77. **olive oil** /,ɒlɪv 'ɔɪl/ - olívaolaj - *Put some olive oil on the salad.*
78. **overdo** /,əʊvə'du:/ - túlzásba visz - *Exercise is healthy if you don't overdo it.*
79. **pasta** /'pæstə/ - tészta - *My favourite kind of pasta is ravioli.*
80. **pear** /peə(r)/ - körte - *I don't like pears very much. I prefer apples.*

81. **peppers** /'pepəz/ - paprika - *I need red peppers for the salad.*
82. **protein** /'prəʊti:n/ - fehérje - *Peas and beans are a good source of protein.*
83. **rice** /raɪs/ - rizs - *Rice is a very popular food in China.*
84. **spinach** /'spɪnɪdʒ/ - spenót - *Eating spinach is very healthy. It has got iron and lots of vitamins in it.*
85. **vitamins** /'vɪtəmi:nz/ - vitaminok - *Fruit contains many vitamins.*
86. **yoghurt** /'jɒgət/ - joghurt - *I eat yoghurt with fruit for breakfast.*

4 Top Skills

87. **go on a diet** /'gəʊ ɒn ə 'daɪət/ - fogyókúrázik - *I put on weight during the summer and now I have to go on a diet.*
88. **local** /'ləʊkl/ - helyi - *The local gym is very good, so you don't need to go to the one in the centre.*
89. **lose weight** /'lu:z 'weɪt/ - fogy - *Sandra would like to lose some weight.*
90. **my age** /maɪ 'eɪdʒ/ - korombeli - *There are lots of children my age here so we hang out together.*
91. **neighbourhood** /'neɪbə,hʊd/ - környék - *I live in a quiet neighbourhood.*
92. **perhaps** /pə'hæps/ - talán, esetleg - *Perhaps Orlando can help you with your assignment.*
93. **put on weight** /,pʊt 'ɒn weɪt/ - hízik - *Has Tony put on weight? He looks heavier.*
94. **similar** /'sɪmɪlə(r)/ - hasonló - *Cheetahs and leopards look very similar.*

5a

1. **cartoon** /kɑ:'tu:n/ - rajzfilm - *When Dylan was young, he watched cartoons.*
2. **channel** /'tʃænl/ - (TV) csatorna - *There's a nice TV programme on Channel 4.*
3. **contestant** /kən'testənt/ - versenyző - *How many contestants take part in the competition?*
4. **Don't miss!** /dəʊnt 'mɪs/ - Ne szalaszd el! Ne hagyd ki! - *Don't miss the film on TV tonight.*
5. **drama** /'drɑ:mə/ - dráma - *I don't like dramas. I get really sad when I watch them.*
6. **explore** /ɪk'splɔ:(r)/ - felderít, feltár - *Look! There's a cave! Let's explore it!*
7. **kangaroo** /,kæŋgə'ru:/ - kenguru - *Kangaroos live in Australia.*
8. **love story** /'lʌv 'stɔ:ri/ - szerelmi történet - *Hugh doesn't like watching love stories.*
9. **perform** /pə'fɔ:m/ - szerepel - *The band performs at a restaurant two nights a week.*
10. **quiz show** /'kwɪz ʃəʊ/ - kvíz műsor - *The winner of the quiz show this week is Mr Bradford. He's our History teacher.*
11. **season (football season)** /'si:zn 'fʊt,bɔ:l 'si:zn / - idény - *The boys are busy with their sports until the football season ends in May.*
12. **secret** /'si:krət/ - titok - *You shouldn't tell anyone about this; it's a secret.*
13. **soap opera** /'səʊp ,ɒpərə / - szappanopera (sorozat) - *My mother likes watching soap operas every afternoon.*
14. **star (v.)** /sta:/ - főszerepet játszik - *He dreams of starring in a big film one day.*
15. **sports programme** /'spɔ:ts ,prəʊgræm/ - sport műsor - *My father watches a sports programme every Friday night.*
16. **talent show** /'tælənt ʃəʊ/ - tehetségkutató műsor - *A: Are you going to take part in the talent show? B: Yes, I'm going to sing.*
17. **the news** /ðə 'nju:z/ - hírek - *Let's watch the 8 o'clock news! I want to know about the weather.*
18. **TV guide** /,ti: 'vi: gaɪd/ - TV újság - *A: What's on TV? B: I don't know. Let's check the TV guide.*
19. **weather forecast** /'weðə ,fɔ:kə:st/ - időjárás előrejelzés - *The weather forecast says it will rain this afternoon.*
20. **wildlife documentary** /'waɪld,lɑ:f ,dɒkjʊ'mentəri/ - természetfilm - *The Discovery Channel shows great wildlife documentaries.*
21. **What's on?** /'wɒts ɒn/ - Mi van műsoron? Mi megy a tévében? - *A: What's on? B: A very interesting documentary about Africa.*

5b

22. **absolutely** /'æbsəlu:tli/ - rettenetesen, rendkívül - *His idea was absolutely brilliant.*
23. **acting** /'æktɪŋ/ - színjátás - *The acting in the film was terrible.*
24. **at least** /ət 'li:st/ - legalább - *We had to wait forty minutes, but at least the food was very good.*
25. **audience** /'ɔ:diəns/ - közönség - *The audience was excited at the end of the performance.*
26. **audition (n./v.)** /ɔ:'dɪʃn/ - meghallgatás, próbaszereplés; próbaszerepel - *Her audition went well, so she'll probably get the part. / James auditioned for the play and got the part he wanted.*
27. **Break a leg!** /'breɪk ə 'leg / - Sok szerencsét! - *Everyone wished Kyle good luck for the poetry competition, telling him to 'break a leg'.*
28. **entertain** /,entə'teɪn/ - szórakoztat - *Television entertains me when I'm alone at home.*
29. **go wrong** /,gəʊ 'rɒŋ/ - balul üt ki, rosszul sikerül - *What a day! Everything went wrong today. I broke my arm and my sister crashed her car.*
30. **lines** /laɪnz/ - szöveg, szerep - *I can't go out tonight, I'm learning my lines for the play.*
31. **luck** /lʌk/ - szerencse - *She wished us good luck with the test.*
32. **mention** /'menʃn/ - említ - *Joe never mentioned anything about having problems with the work.*
33. **noticeboard** /'nəʊtɪs,bɔ:d/ - hirdetőtábla - *The winners of the writing competition are on the noticeboard.*
34. **out loud** /,aʊt 'laʊd/ - fennhangon, hangosan - *Our teacher often asks us to read out loud.*
35. **part** /pɑ:t/ - szerep - *The most important part of the book is when they find their brother.*

36. **particular** /pə'tɪkʃjələ(r)/ - sajtáságos, különös - *I don't have anything particular in mind.*
37. **performance** /pə'fɔ:məns/ - előadás - *The artist was very stressed before the first performance.*
38. **play (n.)** /pleɪ/ - színdarab - *William Shakespeare wrote 37 plays.*
39. **stage** /steɪdʒ/ - színpad - *Let's see if we can find tickets close to the stage.*
40. **stage fright** /'steɪdʒ fraɪt/ - lámpaláz - *Although Mark is the most confident actor I've ever met, he once told me that he suffers from stage fright.*
41. **superstitious** /,su:pə'stɪʃəs/ - babonás - *Sara is very superstitious and avoids black cats.*
42. **wish (v.)** /wɪʃ/ - kíván - *Wish me luck! It's my first day at college.*

5c

43. **album** /'ælbəm/ - album, lemez - *This album has got a lot of great songs.*
44. **band** /bænd/ - együttes - *Andy plays the guitar in a band.*
45. **ceremony** /'serəməni/ - ünnepség - *The opening ceremony of the sports event was amazing.*
46. **contact (v.)** /'kɒntækt/ - kapcsolatba lép, kapcsolatot létesít - *You can contact me on weekdays from 7-9.*
47. **contract** /'kɒntrækt/ - szerződés - *You should read all the details of the contract very carefully before you sign it.*
48. **demo** /'deməʊ/ - demó, bemutató példány - *The record company really liked our demo and now want to help us make an album.*
49. **fame** /feɪm/ - hírnév - *Carl enjoyed the fame he found when he was on TV.*
50. **fans** /fænz/ - rajongók - *Lots of fans were celebrating after their team won.*
51. **go on tour** /'gəʊ ɒn 'tuə(r)/ - turnézik - *He's going on tour next summer to promote his new book.*
52. **hit** /hɪt/ - sláger - *This song was a big hit a few years ago.*
53. **It's time to ...** /ɪts 'taɪm tə/ - Itt az ideje, hogy ... - *It's time to go home now. Come on, kids. Let's go.*
54. **keep going** /'ki:p 'gəʊɪŋ/ - folytat - *Keep going! Don't stop!*
55. **manager** /'mænɪdʒə(r)/ - ügyvezető igazgató - *A good manager will help an actor get lots of parts in films.*
56. **music video** /'mju:zɪk 'vɪdɪəʊ/ - zenei videó - *I don't really like the music video but I like the song.*
57. **musician** /mju:'zɪʃn/ - zenész - *The famous musician practises for three hours every day.*
58. **notice (v.)** /'nəʊtɪs/ - észrevesz, figyel valakire - *Did you notice anything strange about him today?*
59. **on my way** /ɒn maɪ 'weɪ/ - halad valami felé, útban - *On your way to school, buy a chicken sandwich to take with you.*
60. **producer** /prə'dju:sə(r)/ - producer - *Grant is both the director and producer of the film, so it is important to him that the film does well.*
61. **record (v.)** /'rekɔ:d/ - felvesz, (CD-n) rögzít - *Where will you record your new album?*
62. **record company** /,rekɔ:d 'kʌmpni/ - lemezkiadó vállalat - *I think you should send your demo to the record company.*
63. **sign (v.)** /saɪn/ - aláír - *I signed the paper and the man gave me the keys of my new car.*
64. **studio** /'stju:diəʊ/ - stúdió - *We have to find a studio to record our song.*
65. **talent** /'tælənt/ - tehetség - *Nate has got a lot of talent and is sure to become a famous musician.*
66. **That's another story!** /'ðæt ə'nʌðə 'stɔ:ri/ - Az már megint más. - *He was late again, but that's another story!*
67. **You never know.** /ju 'nevə 'nəʊ/ - Sohasem lehet tudni. - *You never know what may happen in the future.*
68. **You've made it.** /ju:v 'meɪd ɪt/ - Sikertől! Befutottál! - *All five of your songs are hits. You've made it!*

5d

69. **actually** /'æktʃuəli/ - valójában, igazából - *He seems lazy, but he's actually very hard-working.*
70. **coal** /kəʊl/ - szén - *Mine cars were used to carry coal down the mountain.*
71. **cotton** /'kɒtn/ - pamut - *This cotton shirt is nice and cool on the skin.*
72. **design (v.)** /dɪ'zaɪn/ - tervez - *That is the man who designed the new hotel in the city.*
73. **excitement** /ɪk'saɪtmənt/ - izgalom - *The day was full of excitement.*
74. **fake** /feɪk/ - utáztat - *The jewels that the thief stole were all fake.*
75. **hang** /hæŋ/ - lóg, függ - *Hang your jacket behind the door.*
76. **hill** /hɪl/ - domb - *This hill is full of flowers in the spring.*

77. **ice** /aɪs/ - jég - *There's a lot of ice on the road.*
78. **icy** /'aɪsi/ - jeges - *The streets are icy because of the snow.*
79. **kph (kilometres per hour)** /'kɪlə,mɪ:təz pər 'aʊə(r)/ - kilométer per óra - *This car can reach speeds of nearly 400kph.*
80. **leather** /'leðə(r)/ - bőr - *Karen's jacket is made of leather. That's why it's so expensive.*
81. **limit** /'lɪmɪt/ - határ, korlát - *What's the speed limit on this road?*
82. **loop** /lu:p/ - hurok, kanyar - *This roller coaster has got two big loops.*
83. **mine (n.)** /maɪn/ - bányá - *Working in a mine is a very difficult and dangerous job.*
84. **pay (v.)** /peɪ/ - fizet - *James paid ten pounds for the book.*
85. **plastic** /'plæstɪk/ - műanyag - *Mike says that we can recycle plastic.*
86. **ride (n.)** /raɪd/ - vidámparki játék; menet, egy kör (vidámparkban) - *The roller coaster is the best ride in the theme park!*
87. **roller coaster** /'rɒlə ,kəʊstə(r)/ - hullámvasút - *Let's ride the roller coaster!*
88. **simple** /'sɪmpl/ - egyszerű - *All of the questions were very simple, so I finished the test in ten minutes.*
89. **speed** /spi:d/ - sebesség - *What is the speed of the car now?*
90. **steel** /sti:l/ - acél - *Steel is a very strong metal.*
91. **thrill** /θrɪl/ - remegés, borzongás - *I always get a thrill on roller coasters.*
92. **track** /træk/ - pálya, sín - *Don't cross the tracks! A train is coming!*
93. **type** /taɪp/ - fajta - *Do you like this type of film?*
94. **upside-down** /ˌʌpsaɪd 'daʊn/ - fejjel lefelé - *We were upside-down for only a short time on the roller coaster, but it was very scary.*
95. **wood** /wʊd/ - fa- (anyag) - *The table is made of wood.*

5 Top Skills

96. **action** /'ækʃn/ - cselekmény, akció - *This game has got a lot of action.*
97. **amazing** /'əmeɪzɪŋ/ - elképesztő - *The chocolate they make there is amazing.*
98. **attack** /ə'tæk/ - megtámad - *The lion attacked and killed the zebra.*
99. **battle** /'bætl/ - csata - *The battle lasted for three months and many people died.*
100. **be set** /bi: 'set/ - valahol játszódik - *Romeo and Juliet is set mainly in Verona.*
101. **character** /'kærɪktə(r)/ - szereplő - *Jim is my favourite character in the book.*
102. **costume** /'kɒstju:m/ - jelmez - *Marco has got a Spiderman costume.*
103. **direct (v.)** /dɪ'rekt/ - rendez (filmet) - *Who directed this film?*
104. **director** /daɪ'rektə(r)/ - rendező - *Steven Spielberg is a world famous film director.*
105. **ending** /'endɪŋ/ - befejezés - *I finished reading this book yesterday. The ending was very exciting.*
106. **evil** /'i:vl/ - gonosz - *In the story, there is an evil man who wants to destroy the city.*
107. **in my opinion** /ɪn maɪ ə'pɪnjən/ - szerintem - *In my opinion, Mark's new book is great!*
108. **leading actor** /,li:dn̩ 'æktə(r)/ - főszereplő - *The leading actor in the film is very famous.*
109. **miss** /mɪs/ - kihagy - *You shouldn't miss this film for the world.*
110. **mix** /mɪks/ - összevegyít - *You get pink when you mix red and white paint together.*
111. **plot** /plɒt/ - cselekmény - *The plot of the book was very exciting.*
112. **power** /'paʊə/ - hatalom - *He has got a lot of power and people usually do what he asks.*
113. **realistic** /,riə'lɪstɪk/ - élethű - *This story is very realistic. It can happen to anyone.*
114. **recommend** /,rekə'mend/ - ajánl - *Can you recommend me a good book to read?*
115. **review** /rɪvju:/ - kritika - *He writes book reviews for the local newspaper.*
116. **science fiction** /'saɪəns fɪkʃn/ - sci-fi, tudományos-fantasztikus téma - *Science fiction films are often about life on other planets.*
117. **soldier** /'souldʒə/ - katona - *His grandfather was a soldier.*
118. **soundtrack** /'saʊnd,tæk/ - filmzene - *The film wasn't very good, but the soundtrack was amazing. I just loved that music.*
119. **special effects** /,speʃl rɪ'fekts/ - különleges effektusok (filmben), filmes trükk - *This movie won an Oscar for its special effects.*
120. **surprising** /sə'praɪzɪŋ/ - meglepő - *His results on the test were surprising. We didn't expect him to do so well.*

121. **technology** /tek'nɒlədʒi/- technika - *Technology makes our lives much easier.*

6

Module

6a

1. **above** /ə'baʊ/ - felett - *The name of the man who lives above us is Jack.*
2. **apologise** /ə'pɒlədʒaɪz/ - mentegetődzik - *When he walked in, he apologised for being late.*
3. **basket** /'bɑːskɪt/ - kosár - *We took a basket of food with us to the park.*
4. **branch** /brɑːntʃ/ - (fa)ág - *The branches of those trees haven't got any fruit or leaves.*
5. **caravan** /'kærəvæn/ - lakókocsi - *My parents don't like hotels, so they always go on holiday in their caravan.*
6. **cell** /sel/ - börtöncella - *The cell in the prison was very small and dark.*
7. **cottage** /'kɒtɪdʒ/ - nyaraló - *My grandmother lives in a small cottage.*
8. **dig** /dɪg/ - ás - *The children are digging a hole in the garden to plant the roses.*
9. **dream comes true** /'dri:m 'kʌmz 'truː/ - az álom valóra válik - *My dream has finally come true; we're going to New Zealand next week.*
10. **experience (v.)** /ɪk'spɪəriəns/ - (meg)tapasztal - *It is the most exciting thing we have ever experienced.*
11. **farm** /fɑːm/ - farm, tanya - *Michael lived on a farm when he was young.*
12. **freeze** /friːz/ - (meg)fagy - *It was very cold and we didn't have jackets, so we froze.*
13. **freezing** /'friːzɪŋ/ - jéghideg - *It's freezing cold! Let's light a fire.*
14. **ground** /graʊnd/ - föld, talaj - *Is that a wallet on the ground?*
15. **hostel** /'hɒstl/ - szálló - *The best choice for a student travelling abroad is to stay at a hostel.*
16. **keep warm** /'ki:p 'wɔːm/ - melegen tart, melegít - *My scarf keeps me warm in the winter.*
17. **ladder** /'lædə(r)/ - létra - *Use the ladder so that you can reach the ceiling.*
18. **lie down** /,laɪ 'daʊn/ - lefekszik - *A: My head hurts. B: Lie down until you feel better.*
19. **life behind bars** /'laɪf bɪ'hɑɪnd 'bɑːz/ - börtönélet - *Life behind bars is very difficult.*
20. **literally** /'lɪtrəli/ - szó szerint - *I felt tired all day; in the end, I literally fell asleep mid-conversation.*
21. **Nothing to worry about.** /'nʌθɪŋ tʊ 'wʌri ə'baʊt/ - Nem kell aggódni. - *I lost my bag yesterday. Nothing to worry about though, there was nothing inside.*
22. **Once you ...** /'wʌns juː/ - mihelyt, amint - *Once you finish, give your paper to the teacher.*
23. **prison** /'prɪz(ə)n/ - börtön - *Paul went to prison after he stole money.*
24. **prisoner** /'prɪznə(r)/ - fogoly - *A prisoner escaped from prison yesterday.*
25. **provide** /prə'vaɪd/ - ellát, biztosít - *The government will provide the earthquake victims with food and water.*
26. **pull** /pʊl/ - húz - *A: The door is really heavy! B: Pull harder.*
27. **serve** /sɜːv/ - felszolgál - *We like this restaurant because they serve nice food here.*
28. **sightseeing** /'saɪt,sɪːɪŋ/ - városnézés - *On holiday, my brother likes to relax, but I enjoy visiting museums and sightseeing.*
29. **staff** /staːf/ - személyzet - *The hotel staff were very helpful.*
30. **take away** /,teɪk ə'weɪ/ - elvisz - *I put some sugar in my drink to take away the bitter taste.*
31. **tent** /tent/ - sátor - *We've got a big tent for four people so you can sleep in ours.*
32. **though** /ðəʊ/ - (ám)bár - *I like meat. I don't eat too much of it, though.*
33. **tiny** /'taɪni/ - apró, pici - *The baby's shoes are so tiny!*
34. **tunnel** /'tʌnl/ - alagút - *With the new tunnel, you can reach my town in half an hour.*
35. **yacht** /jɒt/ - jacht, vitorlás - *Martin has got a very nice yacht.*

6b

36. **after all** /'ɑːftər ɔːl/ - végtére is - *Ryan changed his mind and he won't come with us after all.*
37. **be into sth** /biː 'ɪntə/ - érdekl, odáig van valamiért - *A: Are you into sports? B: Yes, of course. I like football and basketball very much.*
38. **clear** /klaɪə(r)/ - derült - *The sky is very clear today.*

39. **cloudy** /'klaʊdi/ - felhős - *It is cloudy. It looks like it might rain.*
40. **come along** /,kʌm ə'lɒŋ/ - valakivel tart, vele megy - *We're going to the museum. Come along!*
41. **drop (v.)** /drɒp/ - csökken, esik - *The temperature is dropping. Let's get inside quickly!*
42. **event** /ɪ'vent/ - esemény - *The event starts at 8 o'clock.*
43. **foggy** /'fɒgi/ - ködös - *It is dangerous driving in foggy weather.*
44. **give sb a lift** /'gɪv ə 'lɪft/ - elvisz kocsival valakit - *Can you give me a lift to work tomorrow?*
45. **I can't be bothered.** /aɪ kɑːnt 'biː 'bɒðəd/ - Kihagyom. Nem megyek. - *I can't be bothered to go to the supermarket today. Let's go tomorrow.*
46. **It's no big deal.** /ɪts 'nəʊ bɪg 'diːl/ - Semmiség. Nem nagy ügy. - *I can take you to the airport. It's no big deal.*
47. **let sb in on sth** /let ɪn ɒn/ - beavat (titokba) - *Come here and I'll let you in on a secret.*
48. **maybe** /'meɪbi/ - esetleg - A: *Are you coming for dinner tonight?* B: *Maybe, I don't know for sure.*
49. **minus** /'maɪnəs/ - mínusz - *The temperature today is -3°C. It's very cold.*
50. **probably** /'prɒbəbli/ - valószínűleg - *Greg is probably visiting us tonight.*
51. **rain (v.)** /reɪn/ - esik (eső) - *It rained so much yesterday that the town centre flooded.*
52. **rise** /raɪz/ - emelkedik - *The temperatures rose last week so we went to the beach.*
53. **sky** /skaɪ/ - égbolt - *Look at the sky! It's going to rain, isn't it?*
54. **solution** /sə'ljuːʃn/ - megoldás - *We need to start again. It's the only solution.*
55. **sunny** /'sʌni/ - napos - *The weather is really nice. It's sunny and warm.*
56. **temperature** /'temprɪtʃə(r)/ - hőmérséklet - *What's the temperature in Manchester today?*
57. **transport** /'trænspɔːt/ - közlekedés(i) - *What form of transport do you like?*
58. **unless** /ən'les/ - hacsak nem - *You can't go on holiday this year unless you get a job.*
59. **way** /weɪ/ - mód, lehetőség - *We need to find a way to get this done.*
60. **What's the weather like?** /'wɒts ðə 'weðə laɪk/ - Milyen az időjárás? - A: *What's the weather like today?* B: *It's raining a lot. Take an umbrella with you.*
61. **windy** /'wɪndi/ - szeles - *I went sailing with Bill, but it was very windy.*
62. **You know what?** /jʊ 'nəʊ 'wɒt/ - Támadt egy ötletem! - *You know what? I will come over for dinner after all!*

6c

63. **add** /æd/ - hozzáad - *Add some salt and pepper.*
64. **bake** /beɪk/ - süt (kenyeret, tortát) - *Now we bake the cake in the oven for 45 minutes.*
65. **boil** /bɔɪl/ - (vízben) főz - *Once the water boils, put the pasta in the pot.*
66. **bottom** /'bɒtəm/ - alja, alsó része - *The number is at the bottom of the page.*
67. **bowl** /bəʊl/ - tál - *Every morning, I have a bowl of cereal for breakfast and a glass of orange juice.*
68. **chilli** /'tʃɪli/ - chili (erős apró piros paprika) - *Mexicans put a lot of chilli peppers in their food.*
69. **cook over a medium heat** /'kʊk 'əʊvər ə 'miːdiəm 'hiːt/ - közepes lángon melegít - *Fay cooked the sauce over a medium heat.*
70. **cool (v.)** /kuːl/ - (le)hűt, hűlik - *We took the biscuits out of the oven and left them on the table to cool before we tried them.*
71. **cover (v.)** /'kʌvə(r)/ - (le)fed - *It's cold. Cover yourself with a warm blanket.*
72. **cream** /kriːm/ - tejszín - *My favourite dessert is strawberries and cream.*
73. **dish** /dɪʃ/ - edény - *The most popular dish at our restaurant is the steak with special mushroom sauce.*
74. **fork** /fɔːk/ - villa - *I can't eat this salad without a fork.*
75. **fry** /fraɪ/ - (olajban) süt - *It's healthier to boil potatoes, not fry them.*
76. **frying pan** /'fraɪɪŋ ,pæn/ - serpenyő - *Use a frying pan to fry the eggs.*
77. **g=gram** /græm/ - gramm - *For this recipe, you need 200 grams of flour and 50 grams of butter.*
78. **grate** /greɪt/ - reszel - *Grate the cheese and then melt the butter.*
79. **heat (v.)** /hiːt/ - melegít - *Heat the water for the coffee.*
80. **ingredient** /ɪn'ɡriːdiənt/ - hozzávaló - *Let's go to the supermarket to buy the ingredients for this cake.*
81. **knife** /naɪf/ - kés - *There are many knives in the kitchen.*

82. **layer** /'leɪə(r)/ - réteg - *First, you put a layer of biscuits on the bottom of the dish and then, you pour cream on top.*
83. **low** /ləʊ/ - alacsony - *In winter, we have very low temperatures.*
84. **melt** /melt/ - olvaszt, olvad - *How long does it take for the butter to melt?*
85. **mixture** /'mɪktʃə(r)/ - keverék - *Did you add all the ingredients to your mixture?*
86. **ml=millilitre** /'mɪlɪ,li:tə(r)/ - milliliter - *This bottle contains 500ml of milk.*
87. **oven** /'ʌvən/ - sütő (tűzhely része) - *Put the pizza in the oven.*
88. **oven dish** /'ʌvən ,dɪʃ/ - tepszi - *You need a bigger oven dish to cook this chicken.*
89. **peel** /pi:l/ - hámoz - *I think it's easier to peel the potatoes after boiling them.*
90. **plate** /pleɪt/ - tányér - *I don't know if I can eat all this food on my plate.*
91. **pour** /pɔ:(r)/ - önt - *He poured some juice into his glass and drank it quickly.*
92. **raisin** /'reɪzn/ - mazsola - *My mother makes a delicious raisin cake.*
93. **recipe** /'resəpi/ - recept - *Can you give me the recipe for that cake?*
94. **remove** /rɪ'mu:v/ - eltávolít - *Remove the skin and seeds from the apple.*
95. **saucepan** /'sɔ:speɪn/ - lábas - *Please put some water in the saucepan and add some salt.*
96. **seed** /si:d/ - mag - *A farmer has to plant seed in his field to grow his crops.*
97. **skin (n.)** /skɪn/ - héj - *Once they are boiled, potato skins come off very easily.*
98. **stir** /stɜ:(r)/ - (meg)kavar, keverget - *Stir the soup slowly and add the cream before it boils.*
99. **tablespoon** /'teɪbl,spu:n/ - evőkanál - *Can you give me a tablespoon to eat my cereal with?*
100. **teaspoon** /'ti:,spu:n/ - kiskanál, teáskanál - *I only want one teaspoon of sugar in my tea, please.*
101. **tube** /tju:b/ - cső - *You need a tube to make stripy sushi.*

6d

102. **arctic tern** /'ɑ:ktɪk ,tɜ:n/ - sarki csér - *Arctic terns can live for thirty years.*
103. **avoid** /ə'vɔɪd/ - kitér valami elől - *We tried to avoid the rocks but it wasn't always easy.*
104. **be born** /bi: 'bɔ:n/ - születik - *When was your brother born?*
105. **breed** /bri:d/ - szaporodik - *Most salmon breed in autumn.*
106. **breeding place** /'bri:diŋ ,pleɪs/ - szaporodási hely - *The breeding place for salmon is rivers.*
107. **circle** /'sɜ:kl/ - sarkkör - *The triangle, the square and the circle are all shapes.*
108. **climate** /'klaɪmət/ - éghajlat - *Our country has a warm climate without a lot of rain.*
109. **complete** /kəm'pli:t/ - befejez, végére ér - *Patrick completed all his homework before he went to bed.*
110. **condition** /kən'dɪʃn/ - körülmény - *Tim's car is in very good condition.*
111. **continue** /kən'tɪnju:z/ - folytat - *I think the rain will continue all day.*
112. **distance** /'dɪstəns/ - távolság - *The distance is very short, so we walk to school every morning.*
113. **elk** /elk/ - jávorantilop - *We went mountain climbing last year, and I saw an elk.*
114. **escape** /ɪ'skeɪp/ - megmenekül, túlél - *I usually take the underground to escape traffic jams.*
115. **fisherman** /'fɪʃəmən/ - horgász, halász - *The fisherman told us that the fish was really fresh.*
116. **hibernate** /'haɪbəneɪt/ - téli álmat alszik - *Many animals hibernate because they cannot find food in the winter.*
117. **journey (n.)** /'dʒɜ:ni/ - utazás - *Kathy and her family enjoyed their journey by train last summer.*
118. **kind (n.)** /kaɪnd/ - fajta - *There are many different kinds of apples, but this is my favourite.*
119. **migrate** /maɪ'greɪt/ - vándorol, költözik - *Many birds migrate to the south in winter.*
120. **polar bear** /'pəʊlə beə(r)/ - jegesmedve - *Polar bears can live without food for several months.*
121. **polluted (adj.)** /pə'lu:tɪd/ - szennyezett - *The river is polluted because of all the factories in the area.*
122. **predator** /'predətə(r)/ - ragadozó - *Lions are dangerous predators.*
123. **produce** /prə'dju:s/ - szül (ivadékot) - *This factory produces three million pairs of shoes per year.*
124. **salmon** /'sæməŋ/ - lazac - *I was fishing in the river when I saw a salmon jump out of the water.*
125. **sea turtle** /'si: ,tɜ:tl/ - tengeri teknős - *Sea turtles often come to this beach.*
126. **search (v.)** /sɜ:ʃ/ - keres, kutat - *The search for the missing little girl continues.*
127. **search (n.)** /sɜ:ʃ/ - keresés, kutatás - *We searched everywhere for the book, but we couldn't find it.*

128. **snow** (v.) /snəʊ/ - havazik - *Does it snow in your country in winter?*
129. **stream** /stri:m/ - patak - *The stream flows through the village.*
130. **survive** /sə'vaɪv/ - életben marad, túlél - *People can't survive without food and water.*
131. **the rest** /ðə'rest/ - a többi(ek) - *Mark finished before the rest of his class.*
132. **throughout** /θru:'aʊt/ - alatt - *The shop is open daily, throughout the year.*
133. **vegetation** /,vedʒə'teɪʃn/ - növényzet - *There is very little vegetation here because it doesn't rain much.*
134. **waterfall** /'wɔ:tə,fɔ:l/ - vízesés - *Further down this river, there is a small waterfall.*

6 Top Skills

135. **ancient ruins** /'eɪnʃnt 'ru:ɪnz/ - ősi romok - *There are some ancient ruins in this lake. People lived here, long ago.*
136. **as for...** /æz 'fɔ:(r)/ - ami a ...-t illeti - *We're going to the cinema tonight. As for the others, they aren't coming at all.*
137. **attract** /ə'trækt/ - vonz, csábít - *The beautiful sights of the country attract many tourists.*
138. **attraction** /ə'trækfən/ - láttnivaló - *When I visit a country for the first time, I always want to see its attractions.*
139. **attractive** /ə'træktɪv/ - vonzó - *We spent the weekend around the attractive countryside.*
140. **worth** /'wɜ:θ/ - érdemes - *Paris is definitely worth visiting. There's so much to see and do there.*
141. **botanical garden** /bə'tænɪkl 'gɑ:dn/ - botanikus kert, arborétum - *We saw many interesting plants from exotic places at the Botanical Garden.*
142. **campsite** /'kæmpsaɪt/ - táborhely, kemping - *We love camping, but the campsite was full, so we went to a hotel.*
143. **capital** /'kæpɪtl/ - főváros - *Paris is the capital of France.*
144. **concert** /'kɒnsət/ - koncert - *I have two tickets for Helen's concert on Friday. Would you like to come with me?*
145. **cruise** /kru:z/ - tengeri utazás, hajóút - *The Martins are going on a cruise in the Caribbean.*
146. **entertainment** /,entə'teɪnmənt/ - szórakozás - *What kind of entertainment do you enjoy?*
147. **gallery** /'gæləri/ - képtár, galéria - *Our local gallery has some great pieces of art.*
148. **holiday destination** /'hɒlɪdeɪ ,destɪ'neɪʃn/ - turisták által gyakran látogatott hely, turistacélpont, turistaparadicsom - *Greece and Italy are popular holiday destinations.*
149. **impressive** /ɪm'presɪv/ - lenyűgöző - *The view from the mountain was very impressive.*
150. **modern** /'mɒdən/ - modern - *This city is full of modern buildings.*
151. **museum** /'mju:ziəm/ - múzeum - *The Louvre is a famous museum in Paris.*
152. **national park** /,næʃnəl 'pɑ:k/ - nemzeti park - *There are many beautiful trees in the Serengeti National Park.*
153. **peaceful** /'pi:sfl/ - békés - *His father's voice was so peaceful that the baby fell asleep.*
154. **picnic area** /,pɪknɪk 'eəriə/ - piknikezésre való hely, kirándulóhely - *We ate our lunch in the picnic area.*
155. **port** /pɔ:t/ - kikötő - *We went to the port early to find a place on the boat.*
156. **quite** /kwaɪt/ - eléggé - *I am quite happy with the marks I got this term.*
157. **village** /'vɪlɪdʒ/ - falu - *We live in a small village. It's great there.*
158. **well-known** /,wel 'nəʊn/ - közismert - *Mark is a well-known author.*

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